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The Grenada County Weekly

VOLUME SIX — GRENADA, GRENADA COUNTY, MISS., THURSDAY, JUNE 10, 1943 — NUMBER FORTY-SIX

Seen, Heard and Told

By The Editor

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The first intimation that I had that John Emmons of Oxberry, was contained in a Card of Thanks contained elsewhere. I know no details. In this era of difficult communication with the rural areas, I find out about the death of a life long friend through those means. Suffice to say, John Emmons was an honest, hard working man who, with his beloved "Miss Sadie," reared a fine family. Certainly his death came rapidly for it was only a few weeks ago that he was in this office rejoicing that "Miss Sadie" was able to go home after undergoing a serious operation.

Mrs. J. S. Kettle is visiting her son, Pfc. Sydney T. Kettle at Seymour Johnson Field, N. C.

One of our favorite bankers, Miss Dorothy McCracken, visited in Memphis Wednesday.

We feel a little apologetic about this issue, but we could do nothing about it.

I asked last week what had become of the old fashioned tumble bugs. Ward Alexander said that, during Cleveland's administration, the times were so hard that the food which sustained the tumbe bugs became so deficient in Vitamins A and B that the tumble bugs were starved to death. On the contrary, Glenn Thomas reported that he was going to bring in several of them to the office to show that the species was not extinct.

Sorry to hear that Lt. Gaspari has been ill in the hospital. I have missed him.

L. J. Allen is threatened with a bloom, as several of his squares are pregnant.

Bob Horton is getting a bath in Hot Springs.

Mr. Donald P. Lott and wife, of Ft. Benning, are visiting their parents, Mr. and Mrs. Allen Lott, of Providence.

We shall soon see who is the larger: John L. Lewis or the United States government.

Dave Dogan has resigned his duties with the city police force to make a canvas

I wonder if they ever have to have printing done at the camp. I know we do a hell of a lot of news-printing.

Somebody said that some of them did not wait until "in the evening," but I did not know what was referred to.

Gypsy Smith, noted evangelist, is giving sin and the devil hell this week. He has a fertile field here in Grenada.

Who remembers the old time breakfasts, when there was a platter filled with fried eggs, heaped up plates of biscuits cut out with an eight pound lard pail, and a bigger plate containing fried ham swimming around in brown gravy? Jam, sorghum and butter were side dishes.

They say there is plenty of oil drum gosh being made over in the free state.

Probably almost all of the sorghum syrup made in this vicinity this year will be used to make home made licker. A little meal, a little syrup and a good deal of water will make fairly good mash—they say.

City Lumber Company which furnished the lumber and the paint for 25 benches to be put in the park has, so far as I know done more for the soldiers than any other concern. The benches were made by a fellow working out his fine. E. R. Green gives them all the ice water they can drink as long as he can get ice, and that, perhaps, is in the aggregate a larger contribution of money.

Whenever I hear anyone saying about "when I was saved", my mind becomes active.

Our Beat Three friend, Charlie Cohen, dropped in Saturday afternoon for a visit.

Uncle Henry Massey, enroute to serve on the federal petit jury in Oxford, dropped by Sunday morning to get some of the fresh air pulled in by our exhaust fan.

Don Moore brought in the first cotton bloom received by the GCW on Tuesday. He has a farm on Cohen Lake in Beat Five.

Horn just came back after a march and reported you could not even get a drink of ice water in town.

Our first Itawamba subscriber has been added to our list. He is Nolen Franks, who married Brother D. F. Hankins' daughter.

Voted Grenada's Most Useful Citizen

A poll conducted by Lions Club among members of the various clubs of Grenada resulted in the selection of Mr. John Rundle as Grenada's most useful citizen.

Mr. Rundle is Superintendent of the City Schools, and well merits this hon-

JOHN RUNDLE

or, which, at the meeting, he accepted in his usual modest manner.

"Carpet Golf" Going To Town With Amateur Golfers

The Carpet-Golf links on the lot just north of Grenada Theatre, is becoming more and more popular with soldiers and civilian alike, as the fact becomes known that this sport is not only amusing but provides healthful exercise to the players, not that most soldiers fail to get enough exercise of SOME kind.

The place is owned by Joe Neely, Jr., and is managed by the none less popular "Little Chick" Lockett.

This amusement is an improvement on the miniature golf of yesteryear. The cost of a round is nominal, while the "19th hole" can be celebrated at soft drink stand.

Ladies when accompanied by gentlemen may play free on Wednesday evenings.

Seebees Officer To Be Here

There will be a Seebee officer to interview men between ages of 17 and 50 for enlistment into the U. S. Navy construction battalion, at Grenada Post Office Monday and Tuesday, June 14th and 15th.

Men with skilled trades can be given petty officers rating.

Sydney Jackson, Wounded In Action, Wins Three Medals

First Sergeant Sidney Jackson, son of Mrs. Beulah Jackson, of Grenada, wounded in action in North Africa, and now recuperating in a government hospital on Staten Island, New York, received three medals: the Purple

Heart, Oak Leaf Cluster and the Silver Star.

In a recent letter to his mother, he indicated that he probably would get home on a thirty day furlough, but, much to his regret, he would probably be discharged eventually. The nature of his wounds are not known to his mother.

He was a member of the original "home" company, Hq. Btry. 114th F A. Bn., which left here for Camp Blanding in December, 1940. Sgt. Jackson has been in service with the National Guard and with the U. S. Army since 1935.

Our board of supervisors was "in setting" Monday.

JUST FOR FUN

Biggest stir at camp last week was the opening of the Commisary Tuesday and all Army wives are hurrying around looking for enough gas coupons to get them out to camp to do their marketing. The WAACS are handling it, and seem to be quite efficient.

Mrs. Dahlman, Wisconsin wife of Major Dahlman, is visiting her husband this week. She arrived last week end and is planning to remain a short while here.

The Dahlmans and the Capt. Trices attended a party at Mobile this Monday given by the District. As Mrs. Trice said "Something must be wrong, they are inviting the wives this time!" The event was a farewell party in honor of Colonel Gallet, who is leaving the District for a new station. Rumor has it that it will be California. As you all know, construction work on Camp McCain is under the supervision of the Mobile District.

Mrs. Greer, wife of Col. Greer, will probably join her husband in Grenada shortly. She is waiting for the Colonel to find a house—and he hopes he has one all located. (Whereabouts is military information!)

We also heard that Joyce Horton, of Grenada, wife of Lieut. Horton, is ar her mother and stay at home for a little while. More later when we verify rumors. Lt. Horton, also of Grenada, is now stationed in Maine.

The 4:35 heading north stopped in Grenada Tuesday and deposited Miss Carolyn Whitaker, who successfully completed her first year at All Saints College in Vicksburg. Carolyn and a few friends went swimming out at a famous nearby Lake the afternoon of her arrival. Peter Akraboff and Jeanne Evans were two of the party.

Also arriving on the same train was Jick Jone Yates, home from a short visit to Hattiesburg, and Camp Shelby.

The 346th Infantry had another grand party this past Sunday night to celebrate completion of the Basic Training program. They are now entering into the secondary, or advanced phase of training.

But to get back to the party. The big review was Sunday morning at 11. The perfectly formed ranks filed past, the equipment rolled by, but the real star of the show was Fannie, the monkey mascot. "Leave it to Fannie to do something unusual" one of the officers said, and she did. Just as the truck that she had been safely packed in rolled by the reviewing stand and the Generals, Fannie climbed out of her obscurity and onto the roof of the cab, where she turned and faced the Generals and had a command inspection of her own.

All such minor grievances were forgotten that evening, however, over a baked chicken dinner, and free punch.

Major Peterman, Battalion commander, and his wife were celebrating their approaching leave, and visit home to Pennsylvania. The Major was resplendent in whites.

The good Colonel Koenig and the Generals Aide spent the evening mutually congratulating each other, I believe (it was difficult to eavesdrop—too much noise.)

The Floor show was successful, but very noisy, as usual. One of the events was a sort of "Information Please" during which various officers were called upon to give the correct answers to some prepartd questions. Only one out of the group got all three questions correct. But perhaps that is a reflection on the state of the party.

The Floor Show was really an advertisement for the soldier-production, "Raisin' Cain," which promises to be quite an event. All who can are urged to attend. Details and date later.

Cigarettes To Attu Island

The Lions Club recently sent 20,000 cigarettes to the heroes who ousted the Japs from Attu Island.

GRENADA COUNTY WEEKLY

W. W. WHITAKER.....Editor and Owner
MRS. W. W. WHITAKER..Adv. Mgr. and Society Editor

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"Grenada County News A Specialty.
Other News Used Only In Emergency"

THURSDAY, JUNE 10, 1943

Performance Vs. Promises

In the governor's race, we have three men who promise, and one man who can point with pride to a record of constructive work, the latter being ex-Governor Mike Conner.

He was the governor who really straightened out the mess that Bilbo left the Mississippi institutions of higher learning in. Yes, Conner appointed ALL of the members of the board of trustees, and it is a monument to his wisdom that EVERY head who was appointed by the Conner-appointed board is STILL head. In the meantime, the board has been "stuffed" twice, leaving Conner-appointees almost if not entirely eliminated.

Conner instituted the sales tax, which saved the credit of the State. His successors promised during pre-election times to abolish the sales tax. Remember how Mr. Johnson would pull out a token, say "nothing with a hole in it," and cast it contemptuously away. The sales tax is still the revenue bulwark of the State of Mississippi. As much as Conner was cussed about the sales tax, no succeeding administration has done anything about it. The law that Conner's administration enacted has become a model for numberless other States.

Conner instituted the "mercy court" at the state penitentiary, where he spent countless hours interviewing the forgotten prisoners and, where circumstances justified such action, pardoned or paroled them. Governor White continued this "court" and, no doubt, Governor Johnson, but for his poor health, would have kept it up.

Many candidates for governor promised old age assistance. Conner did not promise such assistance if I remember correctly, but Conner DID provide for old age assistance to the extent of the State's ability to pay. His was the FIRST administration that provided ANY THING.

When he entered office, the state treasury contained about $1,000.00. He had to make a personal note to pay for a carload of flour and other provisions for the insane asylum. Bilbo's administration left the treasury almost as large as Mother Hubbard's cupboard; and it also left the State's credit shot to hell, and the value of the State's obligations, warrants and bonds, badly depreciated.

The above are a few of the things that Conner's administration actually DID.

What has Dennis Murphree done? He has acted as governor many months. Teho answers a mournful "nothing."

What has Tom Bailey done? Again the answer is "nothing." He has never had a chance to do anything.

What has Lester Franklin done? The monotonous answer again is "nothing." He has never had a chance to do anything, and, likely, never will have a chance.

Think it over.

Mr. William M. Brunson, 89, Died at Home In Cascilla

Mr. William M. Brunson, one of the most beloved and respected citizens of Cascilla, and Beat Three, Tallahatchie county, died in his home in Cascilla on Monday, June 7, 1943, after a lingering illness.

Mr. Brunson was a native of Mari-

on County, Alabama, where he was born December 19, 1854, but has lived in the vicinity of Cascilla almost his entire life. He was twice married, first to Miss Dosia McKnight, who preceded him to the grave, and to Miss Anna Allbritton who survives him. He and his first wife reared a fine family of men and women, all of whom are successful in their respectivt spheres, yet his second wife, "Miss Anna" was like a mother to all of them. He served his beat as J. P. and Constable on more than one occasion. He was a member of the Woodmen and of the Cascilla Baptist Church. The birthday parties that he had in later years were always scenes of happiness to him and to those privileged to attend.

His body was buriid at Ashland cemetery near Cascilla, where Rev. J. W. Garner, assisted by Rev. T. L. Newton, conducted the funeral rites.

Active pallbearers wire Messrs Russell Brunson Jr., T. J. Staten, Oscar Staten, Leslie Staten, William Shackelford, Guy Shackelford, Bryan Shackelford, and Gentry Brunson Jr. Honorary pallbearers were Messrs Howell Newton, Harry Dogan, Rupert Staton, Ed Crosswaite, Joe B Bloodworth, Curtis Whitten, Guy Whitten, John Whitten, Frank Harris and Pate Brown.

Surviving him are his widow; four daughters, Mrs. George Lance, Mrs. C. A. Shackelford, Mrs. G. M. Brannon, and Mrs. Ernest Staten; three sons, Ed Brunson, Russell Brunson and Charlie Brunson. To all of whom we express our sympathy over the loss of a splendid husband and father.

W. B. Simpson Retires After Forty-Three Years' Service

As of June 1, 1943, Mr. W. B. Simpson retired as agent for the Y. and M. V. Railroad at Holcomb, Miss., and moved to Jackson, Miss., to live.

Mr. Simpson first entered railroad service with the Southern Railway in 1897, then to the L and N. Railroad for two years in Tennessee and moved to Holcomb as station agent on June 7, 1900, serving in that capacity continuously for forty years.

"Uncle Mose," as his friends in Holcomb called him, was always on the job, but always found time after hours to raise about the best garden in Holcomb.

He reared a large family, all of whom are comfortably settled in life, while he and his wife, now dead, lived in Holcomb.

The GCW joins other friends in expressing the wish that "Uncle" Mose's period of retirement will bring him peace and happiness.

Cheatham Receives Petty Officer Rating

Including in the group of 83 out of a class of 126 who received petty officer ratings of electrician's mate, third class upon graduating from the Naval Training School for electricians at the University of Minnesota, Minneapolis, Minn., was Bluejacket John F. Cheatham, 20, son of Mr. and Mrs. F. G. Cheatham, Grenada, Miss.

He received instruction in electrical theory, mathematics, wiring electrical mehods, and repair and maintenance of electrical machinery and equipment found aboard a man-o-war. Soon he will be assigned to active duty at sea, or at a naval shore station.

Men are selected for this specialized training on the basis of results from a series of aptitude tests given them while in recruit training.

Gov. Johnson Reviewed 78th Division at Camp McCain

Mississippi's Governor Paul B. Johnson yesterday reviewed units of Major General P. W. Clarkson's 87th Division at Camp McCain, professing satisfaction in the proficiency in America's Armed Forces.

Governor Johnson was a guest of Colonel Ira Ryder, Post Commander, and Brig. General Russell G. Barkalow, Division Artillery Commander, and Acting Commander of the Division in the absence of General Clarkson.

The Governor's party arrived at Camp McCain at 10 a. m. and was greeted by an escort of reconnaissance cars. The party was whisked to the Post Officers Club and then to the review field where crack units of the "Baby" Division paraded before Mississippi's number one citizen.

The 347th Infantry, the 912 Field Artillery Battalion, Co. C 312th Medics, and the 1st platoon Co. C 312th engineers took part in the Governor's review.

Lieutenant Pat Johnson, son of the Governor and a member of the 335th Field Artillery Battalion, a unit of the 87th, served as his father's aide during the inspection of the troops and camp.

Brig. General Ralph Mays, Adjutant General of the Mississippi State Guard was a member of the official party.

Third Review of The 87th Division Sunday

The mid-south's "Baby" Division paraded before its commander, Major-General P. W. Clarkson and a score of visiting Third Corps Officers here Sunday, June 6, in the first public-invited full mounted review in its history.

Hundreds of guests from Grenada, Winona, Duck Hill and Greenwood lined the field as the "Acorns" swung by the reviewing stand under the watchful eye of Major General Paul Ranson, acting commander of the Third Corps.

All equipment in the 87th Division was shown in the review as guns, trucks and Ambulance squads roared past the crowds. The massive array of men and material started moving at 10 a. m. and two hours and twenty minutes later the last vehicle had thundered by.

The combined bands of the Artillery unit and two of the Infantry Regiments played the well-known tunes of World War I as the 87th of World War II swung by.

Reconaissance cars with 50 caliber machine-guns pointing skyward, company anter company with bayonets held high, and 2½ ton trucks towing 155mm Howitzers brought the crowd to realization that "The Yanks Are Coming" again.

Brig. General John L. McKee, Assistant Division commander, and Brig. General Russell G. Barkalow, Division Artillery commander were also present on the reviewing stand.

Sideline crowds were particularly impressed with the mounted Artillery guns and the armored half-tracks.

Jewish Soldiers Observe Shavuoth

In a flower-bedecked Chapel the soldiers of the Jewish faith stationed at Camp McCain celebrated the holiday of Shavuoth on Tuesday evening, June 8th.

Shavuoth, the Festival of Nature and Revelation, has a double significance in that it marks the beginning of fruit harvest in Palestine and commemorates the revelation of the Ten Commandments to Moses on Mt. Sinai.

The service was conducted by Pfc. Hillel Abrams and Mr. John Karpios. Following the service, refreshments, generously provided by Mr. Harry Greenfield, Chairman of the Grenada Jewish Welfare Board Army and Navy Committee, were served by a committee composed of Mrs. Irving H. Levine, Mrs. John Karpios and Mrs. Theodore Knapp.

Parent Teachers Association Thanks Contributers

The PTA, sponsor of the summer recreation program wishes to thank the merchants and other friends who so graciously and liberally contributed to this fund. The generous response has made it possible for us to plan a full program for two months. Miss Kathryn Wilson, member of the high school faculty is the director. She meets the boys and girls under ten years of age at the primary school building every morning from 9 to 11:30; those from 10 to 12 each afternoon from 2 to 4:30. The older groups meet at the high school gym on Tuesday and Friday nights at 8 o'clock.

All children and young people are invited to join these groups.

Mrs. O. B. Lilly, President.

HOUSEHOLD MEMOS... by Lynn Chambers

Strawberry Jam . . . It's the Berries!
(See Recipe Below)

Get in the Jam!

Bright little berries pushing their noses out of the greenery surrounding them makes you think of jam and jelly time, and rightfully so, for this is the time to start putting up those berries!

Strawberries are usually the first to arrive on the canning scene, followed very shortly by the other berries like raspberries, cherries, and then the fruits. Don't wait until the berries you are canning are too ripe, for those do not make the best jams and jellies.

To insure success in jelly making, use a commercial pectin. There's no sugar to waste on jelly that doesn't jell, and no time to spend re-cooking juices that won't work for jelly or jam. The recipes I'm giving this year are for smaller quantities of jam and jelly for most of us do not have too much sugar to spare on canning.

You'll like this standard recipe which can be used for making several different kinds of jelly:

***Strawberry Jelly**
Red Raspberry Jelly
Blackberry Jelly
Boysenberry Jelly
Dewberry Jelly
Loganberry Jelly
Youngberry Jelly
(Makes 11 glasses, 6 fluid ounces each)
4 cups juice
7½ cups sugar
1 bottle fruit pectin

To prepare juice, crush or grind thoroughly about 3 quarts of fully ripe berries. Place in jelly bag or cloth and squeeze out juice. (If berries lack tartness, substitute ¼ cup lemon juice for ¼ cup prepared juice.) Measure sugar and juice into large saucepan and mix. Bring to a boil over the hottest fire and add bottled fruit pectin at once, stirring constantly. Then bring to a full rolling boil and boil hard for ½ minute. Remove from fire, skim, pour quickly into glasses and paraffin at once.

Do you like the new combination jellies? You may use the above recipe, preparing the required 4 cups of juice from 3 quarts of berries including 2 or more of the berries listed above.

***Ripe Sour Cherry and Red Raspberry Jam.**
(Makes 8 glasses, 6 fluid ounces each)
3½ cups prepared fruit
4½ cups sugar
1 box powdered fruit pectin

Your Canning Shelf

*Strawberry Jelly
*Ripe Sour Cherry and Red Raspberry Jam
*Strawberry and Pineapple Jam
*Rhubarb Relish
*Recipes Given

To prepare fruit, pit about 1 pound of fully ripe cherries. Crush or grind thoroughly. Crush about 1 quart red raspberries. Combine fruits.

Measure sugar into dry dish and set aside until needed. Measure prepared fruit into a five or six quart kettle, filling up last cup or fraction of cup with water, if necessary. Place over hottest fire, add powdered fruit pectin, and continue stirring until mixture comes to a hard boil. Pour in sugar at once, stirring constantly. Continue stirring, bring to a full rolling boil and boil hard 1 minute.

Remove from fire. Skim, pour quickly. Paraffin hot jam at once.

Ever tried a rhubarb relish? You can put this lovely fruit up in this way:

***Rhubarb Relish.**
(Makes 4 pints)
1 quart diced rhubarb
1 quart onions, finely cut
4 cups brown sugar
1 tablespoon salt
1 teaspoon cinnamon
1 teaspoon allspice
1 teaspoon cloves
1 teaspoon ginger
½ teaspoon pepper
1 pint vinegar

Combine all ingredients and heat slowly to boiling. Simmer 45 to 50 minutes or until thick. Turn into sterile glasses and seal with paraffin. Serve with meat.

One of the most delightful of jams is the one combining our favorites, strawberries and pineapple.

***Strawberry and Pineapple Jam.**
(Makes 10 glasses, 8 ounces each)
2 cups crushed strawberries
2 cups crushed canned or fresh pineapple
7 cups sugar
½ bottle commercial fruit pectin

To prepare fruit, crush completely or grind the berries. Cut fine or grind the fresh pineapple or use already canned fruit. Combine fruits. Measure sugar and fruit into large kettle, mixing well. Bring to a full, rolling boil over high heat. Stir constantly during boiling. Boil hard 1 minute. Remove from heat and stir in pectin. Stir and skim by turns for just 5 minutes to cool slightly to prevent floating fruit. Pour quickly and paraffin or seal at once.

You have often heard it said that perfect jelly or jam can be obtained even without the use of a commercial pectin. But, to make good jelly, the fruit must contain both pectin and acid in the right quantity to jell—be it for jelly or jam. Strawberries contain acid but usually lack sufficient pectin. That's why pectin of the commercial variety is added when making jelly or jam, or, as in this next recipe, lemon juice is added:

Strawberry-Lemon Jam.
4 cups washed, hulled strawberries
5 cups sugar
⅓ cup lemon juice

Combine sugar and berries, letting stand a few minutes, stirring occasionally. Do not crush fruit. Bring to a boil and boil 10 minutes, stirring constantly. Add lemon juice and cook 2 minutes longer. Pour into sterilized glasses and seal at once with paraffin.

Lynn Says:

Jelly-Making: Don't be too ambitious. You'll have more success and be less tired out if you can only small quantities of fruit at a time and "do it right."

Unless you have all your neighbors and cousins and family helping you on canning, and have to tackle the job alone, do not try to put up bushels of produce.

Have a day for jelly-making and jam-making just as you set aside a day for washing and ironing. Make it a rule not to have housecleaning or any other big job on the same day for you'll be too tired to concentrate as you should on canning.

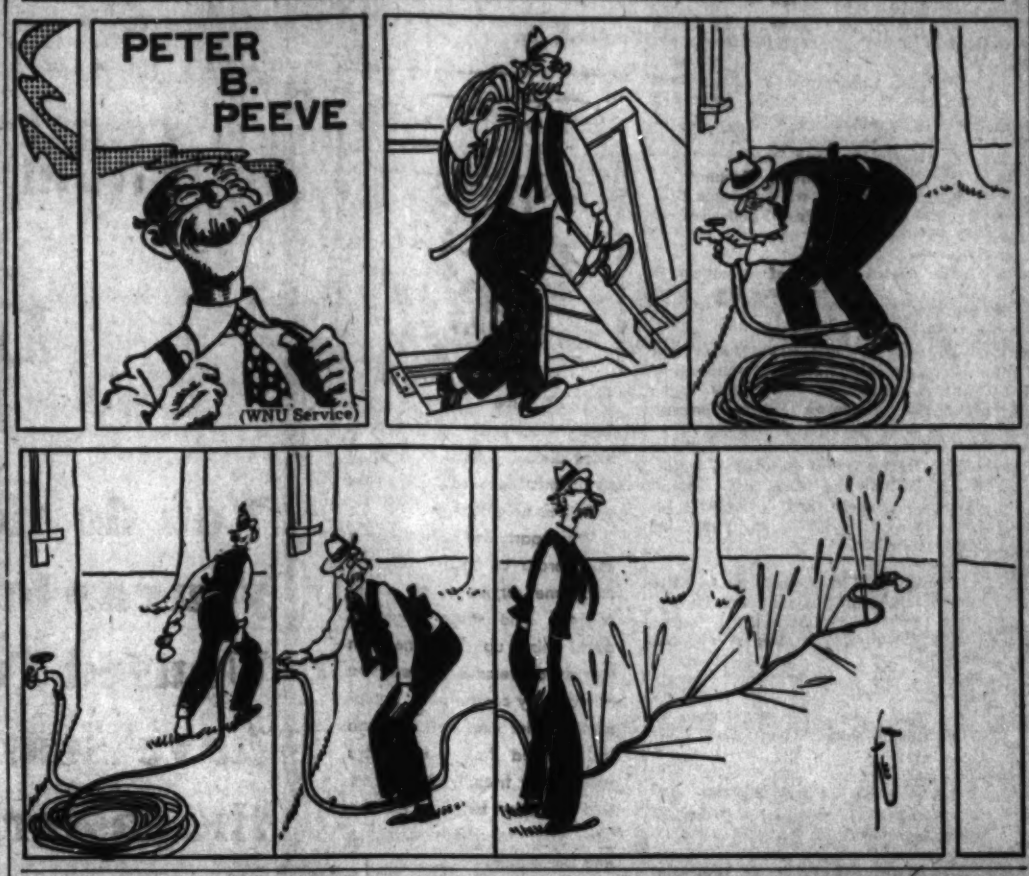
Select your jars and examine them for cracks or imperfections the day before you do your canning. Get them all washed, too, so sterilizing is the only big job you have left when actual jelly-making day comes up.

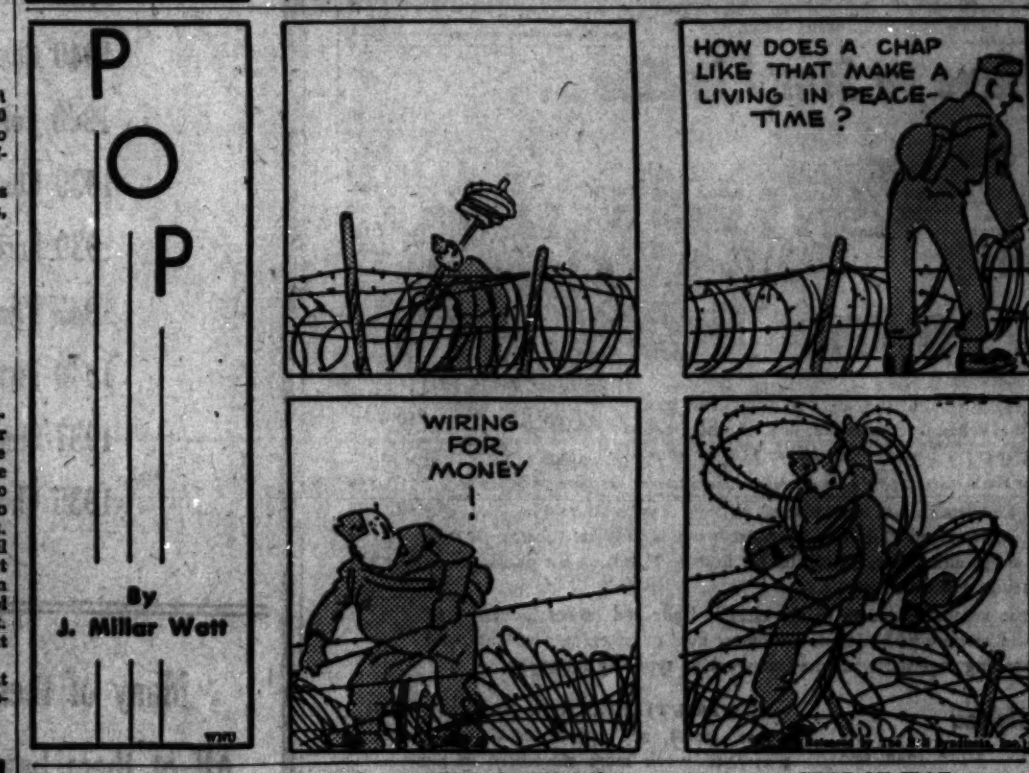
In getting strawberries ready for canning or jelly, wash them before hulling. They won't drink up as much water that way.

Are you having difficulties planning meals with points? Stretching your meats? Lynn Chambers can give you help if you write her, enclosing a stamped, self-addressed envelope for your reply, in care of her at Western Newspaper Union, 210 South Desplaines Street, Chicago, Illinois.

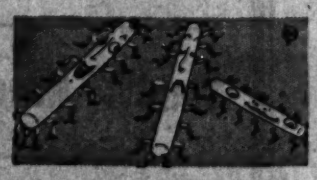
Released by Western Newspaper Union.

• OUR COMIC SECTION •





SMALL FRY



Quizz—What did the girl amoeba say to the boy amoeba?

Whizz—Don't bacilli.

Guaranteed Cure

Mrs. Blue—It was so sad to hear of Mrs. Green's death, doctor. And to think you were treating her for asthma and have her up and die of heart disease!

Doctor—Mrs. Blue, I'll have you know that when I treat a patient for asthma, that patient dies of asthma!

Complete Giveaway

Mrs.—I think I'm losing my mind.

Mr.—Well, it's no wonder. Every time you see me you give me a piece of it.

Waits for Third Shot

Rushing into the saloon bar, the man demanded:

"Gimme a double whisky, quick, before the trouble starts!"

Receiving the drink, he swallowed it quickly.

"Good! Gimme another before the trouble starts!"

The barman poured out another and watched him drink it. Then he asked:

"What trouble, and when will it start?"

"It's due now," replied the customer. "I haven't any money!"

Strange Insect

Johnny—Mom, what's a buzzum fly?

Mother—What do you mean?

Johnny—Well, I know a butterfly and a horsefly but in Sunday School we sang, "Jesus lover of my soul, let me to thy buzzum fly."

Wrong Number

Mr. Busy—Long Distance, give me Welland 2-3 double 2.

Operator—Two-two-two-two?

Mr. Busy—Yes and hurry up. I'll play train with you later!

FEET OF CLAY

"Figures don't lie."

"They're not supposed to. They are simply raw material in the hands of the expert."

English Slanguage

Teacher—Can you give me a sentence using the name of the city "Tuscaloosa"?

Bright Boy — The difference between a young and old elephant is that in the old elephant the Tuscaloosa!

No Trial Needed

Lawyer (to opponent)—You're the biggest boob in the world.

Judge (rapping for order)—Gentlemen! Gentlemen, you forget I am here.

ON THE HOME FRONT

by Ruth Wyeth Spears

MANY a bride today is doing her furniture shopping in second hand stores where she finds a choice selection of the over-elaborate discards. These are not antiques and it takes a discerning eye to see any possibilities of beauty in them. The trick is in figuring out good proportions and modern comfort.

Chintz covers will hide padding over woodwork and carving. Legs may be cut off to give a low seat

SEW ON COVER
LOOSELY STUFFED SEAT CUSHION SEWN IN PLACE
LIGHT PADDING
WOOD PADDED WITH MUSLIN OVER COTTON
CUT
CUT 1" SHORTER THAN FRONT

and if the back legs are cut a little shorter than the front, the backs of chairs and settees are given a comfortable tilt. Here, a loosely stuffed seat cushion fills in the edges of the rounded spring seat. Narrow cotton fringe trims the flowered cover.

• • •

NOTE — Do furniture transformations fascinate you? You will find some exciting new ones in BOOKS 9 and 10 of the series of booklets offered with these articles. Each of these booklets contains directions for more than thirty smart up-to-the-minute things to make for your home from odds and ends and inexpensive new materials. Booklets are 15 cents each. Send requests direct to:

MRS. RUTH WYETH SPEARS
Bedford Hills New York
Drawer 10

Enclose 15 cents for each book desired.
Name .....
Address .....

Relieve MOSQUITO BITES

For bites, stings, itches, those pesky mosquito torments that make summer miserable, get Mexsana, formerly Mexican Heat Powder. Soothes, and relieves with a cool breezy touch and a pleasing fragrance. Clean, pleasant. Will not soil clothing. Get Mexsana.

Millions have used—
PAZO for Simple **PILES**
Relieves pain and soreness

There's good reason why PAZO ointment has been used by so many millions of sufferers from simple Piles. First, PAZO ointment soothes inflamed areas—relieves pain and itching. Second, PAZO ointment lubricates hardened, dried parts—helps prevent cracking and soreness. Third, PAZO ointment tends to reduce swelling and check bleeding. Fourth, it's easy to use. PAZO ointment's perforated Pile Pipe makes application simple, sanitary. Your doctor can tell you about PAZO ointment.

FOR THOSE MINOR ACHES & PAINS TRY
ACQUIN TABLETS
Always Ask Your Druggist for Acquin Tablets

DRY CRACKED LIPS
Surprising how quickly the dryness is relieved and healing begins, after using medicated, soothing, time-tested
RESINOL

Valuable Property

National honor is national property of the highest value.—James Monroe.

Do You Need Pep?
Try
SHERTON B, TONIC

Get Into Action For Full Victory!

Uncle Phil Says:

WE'D rather see conceited people who at least occasionally do something to justify their conceit, than the timid inferiority complex kind forever shrinking in corners and calling it "modesty."

To say nothing of your enemies implies what you think of them.

Martyrs ought to be good-looking, but they hardly ever have been.

"Do right and people will commend you in time"—but not likely in your time.

We do not seek the disapproval of our friends. We have enough of that in our own consciousness.

A brave man trembles before the bugle blows; a coward afterward.

Many of us do "our best," but we are careful not to be fatigued by doing it.

SKIN IRRITATIONS OF EXTERNAL CAUSE

acne pimples, bumps (blackheads), and ugly broken-out skin. Millions relieve miseries with simple home treatment. Goes to work at once. Direct action aids healing, works the antiseptic way. Use Black and White Ointment only as directed. 10c, 25c, 60c sizes. 35 years success. Money-back guarantee. For Vital in cleansing is good soap. Enjoy famous Black and White Skin Soap daily.

GET BACK STRENGTH CHECK DIARRHEA

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WANTED

YOUR OLD FEATHER BEDS

Will pay $5.00 to $10.00 each for Goose or Duck Feather grade. Ship via truck, freight or express.

Phone 2-0322 or write

INTERNATIONAL PRODUCTS CO.
1441 Lamar Ave. - Memphis, Tenn.

DON'T LET **CONSTIPATION** SLOW YOU UP

When bowels are sluggish and you feel irritable, headachy, do as millions do—chew FEEN-A-MINT, the modern chewing-gum laxative. Simply chew FEEN-A-MINT before you go to bed, taking only in accordance with package directions—sleep without being disturbed. Next morning gentle, thorough relief, helping you feel swell again. Try FEEN-A-MINT. Tastes good, is handy and economical. A generous family supply

FEEN-A-MINT costs only **10¢**

FLIT

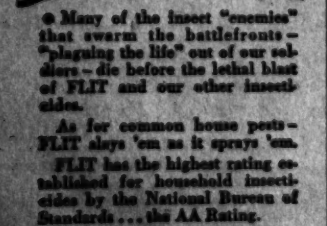
BUMPS 'EM OFF!

Many of the insect "enemies" that swarm the battlefronts—"plaguing the life" out of our soldiers—die before the lethal blast of FLIT and our other insecticides.

As for common house pests—FLIT slays 'em as it sprays 'em.

FLIT has the highest rating established for household insecticides by the National Bureau of Standards . . . the AA Rating.

Be sure to ask for FLIT—the knock-out killer—today!



IMPROVED UNIFORM INTERNATIONAL SUNDAY SCHOOL Lesson

By HAROLD L. LUNDQUIST, D. D.
Of The Moody Bible Institute of Chicago
(Released by Western Newspaper Union.)

Lesson for June 13

Lesson subjects and Scripture texts selected and copyrighted by International Council of Religious Education; used by permission.

GOD'S EXCEEDING GREAT PROMISES

LESSON TEXT—II Peter 1:1-11.
GOLDEN TEXT—He hath granted unto us His precious and exceeding great promises: that through these ye may become partakers of the divine nature.—II Peter 1:4, R. V.

Growth in grace and in knowledge of Christ are as normal and expected of the child of God as bodily growth of the physical child. Tragic as is the failure of one to develop physically, it is even more distressing and sad in the spiritual realm. Yet it is a common thing in our churches, where only comparatively few believers even come to full stature in Christ, where more have only a partial growth, and some are forever babes in Christ.

God has made perfect provision for us, and has in His Word given plain and explicit instructions on how to gain spiritual development.

I. All Things Provided (vv. 1-4).

In the physical world we are able to provide, at least in some degree, what is needed. We also know where to find mental food. Spiritual provision can come only from God, and we find from these verses that He has provided not just a small portion, or a limited ration, but "all things that pertain unto life and godliness," through the knowledge of Christ.

The "exceeding great and precious promises" of God are the abundant portion of the believer. They are sure promises, based in the altogether dependable Word of God.

God's provision for us in Christ has made it unnecessary to look elsewhere. Here is escape from the world's corruption, the new nature in Christ, faith, grace, peace, power—all in Him.

The opposite is also true, that without Christ men have only the weak and disappointing help of men on which to draw. Of such foolish ones the Lord said through Jeremiah the prophet that they "have committed two evils: They have forsaken me, the fountain of living waters, and hewed them out cisterns, broken cisterns, that can hold no water" (Jer. 2:13).

II. All Diligence Required (vv. 5-7).

There is something that the Christian can do to insure his growth in grace. He is to be diligent, that is, have an earnest purpose and zeal to go ahead spiritually. This calls for application and endeavor, just as progress in any other sphere of life, and possibly more.

Faith is the foundation of all such growth and without it there is nothing on which to build. But on it, or better, "in" it, we have all these other Christian graces springing up, as we give "all diligence" to encourage their growth.

Notice the ascending scale. Faith leads to virtue, that is, courageous, resolute Christian character. Then comes knowledge—the intelligent understanding and discernment of truth. This is bound together by temperance, meaning self-control. Next is patience, that steady endurance which keeps going in spite of trial or disappointment.

The sixth note in this octave of graces is godliness, which speaks of piety, true devotion to God, and reverence for His name. Such a believer will love his brethren in all brotherly kindness; and that leads us to the high point of love (the real meaning of "charity," v. 7). Here love for God is obviously in mind, as the crowning grace of the believer.

III. All Eternity Assured (vv. 8-11).

We should look forward to that abundant "entrance into the everlasting kingdom of our Lord and Saviour Jesus Christ" spoken of in verse 11. There is such a thing as being saved "so as by fire" (I Cor. 3:15), slipping into heaven with nothing to show for our life as followers of Christ here on earth (read I Cor. 3:12-15).

God does not want for His people such an unseemly entrance upon eternity. Why should we be satisfied so to live that it may be true of us. Saved? Yes, but that is all! Are you satisfied with that prospect?

We should note, too, that this growth in grace will show itself in our daily life. It will keep us from being "barren (idle) and unfruitful" (v. 8). The Christian life must not be barren of true service for Christ, nor unfruitful of gracious harvest for Him. We are not on a sort of spiritual joy ride, sitting at ease as we speed on to the heavenly dwelling places.

Works do not save a man. We are justified before God by faith. But our faith is justified before men by our works of righteousness. Fruit grows on the living and healthy tree.

Observe that the Christian who lacks these graces (Do you?) is a nearsighted one who lacks both vision and grateful remembrance of God's loving-kindness (v. 9). How many members of our churches need their spiritual memory jogged and their spiritual eyes anointed with God's "eyesalve" (Rev. 3:18).

No End to Wonders! Dehydration Packs Tasteful Dinner Into Vest Pocket; Field Crops Are Source of Plastics

Drying Removes Water and Air From Produce While Retaining Nutritional Values; Milk Now Turned Into Kitchen Curtains; Cull Potatoes Into Fuel Alcohol.

American agriculture will emerge from the war with a new pattern of crop production that will not only give us everything we eat and wear, but provide much of the raw materials used in industry.

During World War I, the emphasis was on the production of cereal crops. Today, although cereals are essentially necessary, heavier emphasis is being placed on dairy products, meats, vegetables, eggs and oils. If the present trend continues, American milk goals in the reconstruction period will be double our present output of 122 billion pounds a year. The nation's farms will be permanently producing more meat and eggs, more vegetables and more oil-yielding crops such as soybeans.

Two developments are credited with adding impetus to the new farm production trend. Both have been spurred by scientific research and the necessity of meeting wartime problems. One is dehydration, or the dry preservation of food. The other is chemurgy, or the science of transforming farm crops into industrial products.

Dehydration is not new. In fact, it is as ancient as the sun that has been drying the water out of things for ages. But to the old dehydration processes have been added new techniques that have so revolutionized its future possibilities, that some economists predict that food dehydration plants may become as common in agricultural areas as canneries and condenseries are today. An idle dream, you say? Not so idle, perhaps, when it is considered that there are more than 200 dehydration plants in the United States today, compared with only five in 1940.

J. B. Wyckoff, of the Agricultural Marketing administration recently estimated that the United States will dehydrate vegetables at the rate of 350 to 400 million pounds in 1943 as compared with 100 million pounds in 1942. Yet last year's totals were seven times the 1940 volume.

"To meet the 1943-44 dehydrated food requirements as presently known," he added, "will require every third egg, and one out of every 12 pounds of whole milk produced. Requirements for dehydrated meat, practically non-existent a year ago, will be approximately 60 million pounds in 1943."

Dehydration Saves Shipping.

The remarkable impetus given dehydration grew out of a shortage of shipping space, cans and containers, to meet lend-lease demands and the food requirements of our fighting Allies. One ship loaded with dehydrated food can carry upward of 10 times as much food as a ship loaded with bulk food.

Improvements in dehydration technique have followed two major trends. One has been to compress the food into an incredibly small space. The other has been to preserve the food's palatability and nutritional value.

Many foods normally average 90 per cent water. Dehydration as originally practiced meant removing most of the water. Now the food is not only dehydrated but "debulked" as well, by having the air pressed out of it. The result is food compressed into blocks or briquettes. Thus it is possible to have a vest-pocket serving of meat, carrots, cabbage, milk and eggs that would provide all the elements of a hearty meal and yet take up no more shipping room than a package of cigarettes.

Typical food volume reductions as a result of dehydration and compression are: sauer kraut, 90 per cent; cabbage, 80 per cent; potatoes, 75 per cent; onion, beets and carrots, 65 per cent; egg powder, 50 per cent; hamburger, 50 per cent; dehydrated soups, 50 per cent. One pound of potato bricks yields 24 helpings. A five-gallon container of dried tomatoes swells to a quarter of a ton when water is added.

The scientist teams up with the farmer in ushering in new era of agricultural production.

Dehydrated Foods Flavorful.

As contrasted with their crude predecessors of World War I, today's dehydrated foods are flavorful. Dunked and cooked in water, these foods emerge with almost no sacrifice of flavor and with practically no loss of proteins, carbohydrates, and minerals. They suffer no greater loss of vitamins than when occurs when fresh vegetables stand for a time in a store.

Hence it is no surprise that American soldiers can relish scrambled eggs made from a dehydrated powder. Or that Englishmen eat and like meat loaves and stews that crossed the Atlantic as tiny shreds of dried meat. Thus milk, butter, citrus juices, as well as potatoes, peas, spinach and a host of other food products are being successfully dehydrated.

The extent to which dehydration has already caught hold with the civilian population here in America is indicated by the fact that housewives are buying dehydrated soups at the rate of 100 million packages a year.

If dehydration offers challenging possibilities for future farm markets, then chemurgy, its industrial counterpart, offers even more interesting opportunities as a contributor to future farm prosperity.

Already the products of 40 million acres of American farm land are going into our industrial plants. And this is but the beginning. Already chemical engineers have come to think of all America as an industrial farm and of farm products as the raw materials for factories.

Perhaps the classic example of chemurgy's effort to turn farm crops into vitally needed industrial products lies in the field of synthetic rubber. It took the world a century to raise the production of crude rubber to a billion tons a year. The United States now expects to develop a like capacity for synthetic rubber—much of it is made from corn and other farm products—within the next year and a half.

The chemurgic scientist busy among his test tubes performs such miracles as turning milk into kitchen curtains; corn into a tinfoil substitute; sunflowers into paper; sorghum into insulating board; barley and sweet potatoes into ethyl alcohol.

Furfural made from oat hulls is now being used in oil refining and in the processing of wood resin. Anti-freeze fluids and fuel alcohol come from cull potatoes. Glycerol from animal fats is being used in the production of dynamite for war purposes. Then there is Zein, a protein product of corn starch which lends itself to the manufacture of yarn, buttons, wall-paper coating and quick-drying ink.

Soybean Source of Plastics.

In the field of plastics, gluten, a residue of corn, is being effectively used, as is casein, a by-product of milk. But perhaps the biggest contribution to plastics is being made by soybeans. Thanks to soybeans, the automobile of the future may be grown from the soil. Already, gear shift handles, steering wheels, window frames, distributors and a considerable variety of other parts are made of soybeans. The basic molding material for numerous plastics is a soybean compound. Thus radio cabinets and plumbing fixtures in postwar America may be merely a mold of soybean cakes.

Yes, farms can be made the source of our future prosperity. Scientists and industrialists can get farm materials from which to make new commodities and promote increased factory production from which prosperity springs.

In this era of definitely new agricultural development, one factor will loom big in determining success or failure. That factor is productivity of the soil. For the extent to which our farms can continue to yield crops for the new dehydration industry, for chemurgic utilization into industrial products or to help feed the world in the critical postwar period, will depend on the fertility of the soil that produces those crops.

Vincent Sauchelli, agricultural research expert of Baltimore, Md., in an address before a Farm Chemurgy conference once said: "Chemurgy can succeed only on farm land where plant foods are returned to the soil in the form of commercial fertilizer at a rate which at least balances the amount removed each year by growing crops and livestock.

"One of the significant steps forward," he added, "is that which helps the farmer learn more about his particular soil and its plant food needs. State agricultural experiment stations are prepared to assist farmers not only in soil tests to determine the proper fertilizer analyses for various crops, but also inform them on the placement to insure best results."

The importance of Mr. Sauchelli's observations is evident when it is considered that after the war America will be faced with the greatest soil rehabilitation job in its history. This is because vast wartime farm production demands are draining fertility resources on an unprecedented scale and because fertilizer applications at present cannot balance the depletion rate.

"Growing crops to win the war is, of course, the farmers' No. 1 job," said a statement of the Middle West Soil Improvement Committee. "A heavy draft on the farmer's 'savings account' of plant food elements is a relatively small contribution to victory, if proper steps are made to repay the borrowed soil wealth when the war is over."

Corn from the field is manufactured into a substitute for tinfoil, a quick-drying printing ink or a wallpaper coating under the transforming magic of Chemurgy. Or thanks to the new science of Dehydration it is compressed to only a fraction of its weight and shipped overseas to feed our armed forces.

Volcanic Forces of Pressure and Steam Originate Deep in the Earth

In most cases the mighty forces that start and continue volcanic eruption—the squeezing force of gravity and the explosive forces of steam and other gases—originate deep in the earth, probably many miles down. The melted rock or lava that is an essential part of most eruptions, also starts from these great depths. It is pushed up the pipe of the volcano to the crater, where it flows out or is exploded out.

When an eruption has run its course, the lava in the pipe cools and solidifies. If it completely seals up the pipe with a plug of rock, the volcano becomes dormant or extinct. If the pipe is choked down to very small proportions, so that a trickle of lava and hot gases rise to keep a little cauldron of molten rock bubbling in the crater, the volcano remains slightly active.

All the bombs in existence dropped on the top of the cold, solid plug of a dormant volcano could not wake the sleeping forces far below. In the case of a slightly active volcano, even the explosion of the biggest bombs would do little more than splash lava about the crater.

Bombs have been used advantageously in controlling one kind of volcanic phenomena. On the slopes of Mauna Loa on the island of Hawaii, lava streams that threatened to flow into villages and even into the city of Hilo, have been turned aside by bomb explosions.

TO YOUR Good Health by DR. JAMES W. BARTON

Released by Western Newspaper Union.

CANCER DELAY

Just as we are congratulating ourselves that knowledge of cancer was making great headway not only in America but throughout the world, it comes as a shock that cancer authorities state that "the public education on the cancer problem is inadequate and ineffective." We have naturally been thinking that as more people now live to the cancer age, this is the cause of the increase of cancer, which is true to a great extent. However, that more could and should be done, in fact is absolutely necessary, if we are to reduce the cancer death rate, is more knowledge of cancer. Thus the slogan "Fight Cancer with Knowledge" is timely.

Dr. Barton

That knowledge of cancer is greatly needed is the statement in the Journal of the American Medical Association, by Drs. Charles R. Harms, Jules A. Plant and Ashley W. Cughterson, New Haven, Conn.

In the study of the causes of delay in obtaining treatment by 155 patients, it was found that only about one-fourth of the patients had read about cancer and that all but two of these had obtained their information from newspapers and popular magazines. Only two admitted reading public health pamphlets.

"Delay in the diagnosis and treatment of cancer is one of the most important factors in the failure to obtain results by the methods now available—radium, X-rays and surgery."

What is considered delay insofar as the patient and physician are concerned?

This depends to some extent on location of the cancer, as a cancer on the skin or where it can be seen easily will not take as long to recognize as cancer inside the body.

Delay by the patient. This consists in having persistent symptoms for one month or longer before consulting a physician.

Delay by the physician. This consists in the waiting for any period longer than three weeks after the patient is first seen during which a diagnosis may be announced or a consultation with another physician or cancer specialist requested.

* * *

Salt Reduction Aid In Meniere's Disease

A recent valuable discovery is that most cases of Meniere's disease—hard of hearing, head noises, dizziness, nausea and vomiting—are due to "waterlogging" or swelling of a part of the hearing system. By cutting down on liquids and salty foods most of these cases obtain relief from these symptoms.

Just what causes this swelling or waterlogging in the ear is not definitely known. Dr. W. E. Grove, Milwaukee, in Annals of Ear, Nose and Throat, suggests that the swelling may be due to allergy—sensitiveness to foods or other substances—just as swelling occurs in other tissues due to allergy. Swelling may also be due to lack of certain vitamins in the food, or to the lack of a sufficient amount of some gland extract in the system.

It is fortunate that while the search for the cause of these symptoms continues, so much relief can be obtained by the medical treatment by histamine and by avoiding foods rich in salt.

Foods to avoid because they contain too much salt are: salted butter, ordinary bread, crackers, eggs, milk, spinach, carrots, oatmeal and all corned, pickled, smoked or salted foods.

Foods that can be eaten because they contain very little salt are: apples, asparagus, cabbage, Brussels sprouts, lettuce, grapes, oranges, lemons, sugar, jelly, unsalted butter and unsalted bread.

There are of course some cases where the histamine and food treatment gives little or no relief. What can be done for these cases because the symptoms are distressing and weakening?

Surgery is now used where medical and diet treatment fail, or for those who for economic or other reasons cannot be kept on a supervised treatment for a long time and for patients whose occupation interferes with obtaining benefit from medical or diet treatment because of carelessness in following a prescribed routine.

* * *

HEALTH BRIEFS

Q.—I have two spots on my face. I would like to know how to cure them.

A.—I'm sorry, but I try not to prescribe for individual ailments. One visit to a skin specialist will tell what ailment is and treatment for it.

Q.—On your reducing diet which appears from time to time, how much is meant by one pat of butter?

A.—A pat usually means 1 inch by one inch by one-quarter inch—100 calories.

Local and Social Activities

Mrs. W. W. Whitaker, Society Editor, Phones 83 and 747

MISS HONEYCUTT FETED

The charming suburban home of Mrs. Harry Burkley was the scene of a unique supper party and miscellaneous shower given for Mary Douglas Honeycutt, bride-elect of Aviation Cadet Robert H. Norris, Jr., on Monday evening of this week.

The guests were invited to appear at the party in the very clothes they wore when the invitation was received. The amusing part was that they really came dressed "as is" and much fun was had as each guest paraded on a stand, under a spotlight and accompanied by march music played by Virginia Echols.

Mrs. Frank S. Gerard, the former Fay Easterling, won the prize by appearing in a faded house dress, her "hair do" held off her neck by blue ribbon and of all things, "bare feet". The honoree's mother appeared in house dress, work gloves and carrying a mop. Other costumes were similar to those and caused much mirth.

The guests were invited into the dining room for supper which was served picnic style using paper plates and cups.

Delicious chicken salad, apple salad, potato chips, olives and thin sandwiches, served with iced Coca-Cola, proved most tempting. The reception rooms were beautifully decorated with roses.

The miscellaneous gifts of silverware, dresser lamps, lingerie, towels and cosmetics were presented the lovely honoree and the gifts were displayed in the living room. The following guests were present:

Annie Anderson, Martha B. Brown, Virginia Echols, Claire Weir, Margurite Finney, Ethyl Nichols, Mary Ann Scott, Mrs. Ernest Penn, Jr., Miss Edith Penn, Miss Jackie Lane, Mrs. Linden Wright, Mary Nelson Granberry, Mrs. Arthur Grider, Mrs. Jimmy Todd, Mrs. Pat Bullin, Mrs. Frank Gerard, Miss Ruth Swetland, Mrs. R. A. Clanton, Mrs. Stanley M. Brown, Mrs. H. L. Honeycutt, Mrs. Stanley Kruger.

Unable to attend were Mrs. Kirk McRee, Mrs. Scraper Lockett, Sue Vandiver, Gene Marders, Helen Horton, Mrs. R. W. Mullin.

The hostesses were Mrs. Harry Burkley, Mrs. H. D. Lane, Jr., and Mrs. Buster Clanton.

Good used Butane Gas Range, white enamel for quick sale $75.00.
Revell Furniture Co.

McKEE-TAYLOR

Mr. and Mrs. David M. Taylor, of Grenada, announce the marriage of their daughter, Ruby, to Major James Thomas McKee, son of Mr. and Mrs H. E. McKee, of Picayune, Miss., in Miami, Fla., at 5:30 on Tuesday evening, May 25th.

The Rev. C. O. Johnstone, pastor of the Central Presbyterian Church, read the vows in a simple ceremony at the church.

The bride wore a two piece dress of white crepe with white accessories, and bride's orchids formed her shoulder corsage. Her only jewelry was a carved ivory bracelet from India, a gift of the groom.

Mrs. McKee graduated from Grenada High School and the University of Mississippi, where she was a member of Delta Zeta Sorrority. Before her marriage she did secretarial work at Second Army Headquarters in Memphis.

Major McKee is also a graduate of Ole Miss, where he was a member of ROTC. After graduation he became a Flying Cadet at Randolph Field, Texas. In April, 1842, he was assigned to foreign duty and served over a year in the Middle East and in the North African campaign in a bombing squadron. He has been awarded the Distinguished Flying Cross and five Air Medals for numerous raids.

The couple spent a brief honeymoon in Miami and stopped in Picayune to visit with the groom's parents before coming to Grenada for a short stay.

Major and Mrs. McKee returned to Florida Wednesday, to the Army Air Base at Orlando.

Cpl. Van B. Collums, of near Calhoun City, now with a medical unit in Canada, after a visit with friends and relatives in Grenada for two weeks left Tuesday night to return to his post.

Mrs. Annie Day Murphy, of Coldwater, who has been the guest of her sister, Mrs. Walter Doty, is now in Jackson visiting friends.

Mr. and Mrs. H. B. Caldwell are to move to Water Valley to reside. Their friends here regret losing this splendid family. Mr. aCldwell succeeded Mr. Sherwood as Station Master, coming here from Vaiden about three years ago.

Mrs. Lottie Johnson has returned to Asheville, N. C. after a visit in the home of her sister, Mrs. H. D. Lane, Sr., and family.

Mr. and Mrs. Hamilton Graves and son, Albert, are now occupying their home on Snider Street, purchased last fall from Mr. and Mrs. L. A. Olson.

Sgt. John Henry Williams, of Camp Gilbert, Ala., will visit his parents, Mr. and Mrs. Dave Williams this week end.

ATTEND CAMP ON COAST

The following young ladies left Tuesday for Gulf Park at Gulfport to attend Summer Camp being held there for two weeks. Included are Misses Marguret Spain, Margurete Green, Laverne Wilson, Mary Nell Rayburn and Julia Marie Guidrey.

William Winter and Francis Hill Ole Miss seniors, arrived home last week.

THE STATE OF MISSISSIPPI

To: Odie Kincaid, 517 South 8th Street, Louisville, Kentucky

You are hereby summoned to appear before the Chancery Court of the County of Grenada, in said State, on the Second Monday of August, A. D., 1943, to defend the suit No. 5694 in said court of Essie McAtee Kincaid, wherein you are a defendant.

This the 9th day of June, A. D., 1943.

J. P. Pressgrove, Clerk.

6-10, 17, 24-70w.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE UNITED STATES FOR THE NORTHERN DISTRICT OF MISSISSIPPI, WESTERN DIVISION

UNITED STATES OF AMERICA, Petitioner.

VS. NUMBER 187 CIVIL

CERTAIN PARCELS OF LAND in the County of Grenada, State of Mississippi, and W. N. Hayward et al, Defendants.

THE PRESIDENT OF THE UNITED STATES OF AMERICA, TO:

To the following named defendants, non-residents of the State of Mississippi, whose street and post office addresses are as hereinafter set forth, to-wit:

The Connecticut General Life Insurance Company, 55 Elm Street, Hartford, Connecticut.

The American Telephone and Telegraph Company, New York, New York.

The following named defendants, if living, whose post office addresses are unknown, and to their respective spouses, if any, whose names and post office addresses are unknown; if dead, to their heirs, executors, administrators, devisees, legatees, creditors and assigns, whose names and post office addresses are unknown, to-wit:

John D. O'Mare, a member of the partnership, The Skuna Development Company;

John D. O'Mare, S. F. Buckhanan, Henry W. Kennedy, R. E. Preddy, M. E. Brocks, and E. S. Brunson.

And all other persons, firms and corporations, whose names and post office addresses are to petitioner unknown, having or claiming to have any right, title, interest, claim or estate in or to Certain Parcels of Land in the County of Grenada, State of Mississippi, more particularly described as follows, to-wit:

COMMENCING at the NE corner of the W½ of the SE¼ of Section 21, Township 23 North, Range 5 East of the Choctaw Meridian, run S 00 degrees 06' E 3461.80 feet and to the east edge of the right of way of the Illinois Central Railroad; thence S 48 degrees 44' W with the east edge of said right of way 5046.32 feet; thence S 41 degrees 16' E 15 feet for a point of beginning; thence S 48 degrees 44' W 695.50 feet; thence N 41 degrees 16' W 15 feet; being and lying in Sections 28 and 29, Township 23 North, Range 5 East of the Choctaw Meridian, Grenada County, Mississippi, containing .480 acres, more or less, as shown on Schedule B attached to the said Declaration of Taking and by reference made a part hereof.

COMMENCING at the NE corner of the W½ of the SE¼ of Section 21, Township 23 North, Range 5 East of the Choctaw Meridian, run S 00 degrees 06' E 3461.80 feet and to the east edge of the right of way of the Illinois Central Railroad; thence S 48 degrees 44' W with the east edge of said right of way 3974.52 feet for a point of beginning; thence S 41 degrees 16' E 70 feet and to the east edge of the right of way of Mississippi State Highway No. 7; thence N 48 degrees 44' E with the east edge of said right of way 240.60 feet; thence S 41 degrees 16' E 530 feet; thence S 48 degrees 44' W 1312.40 feet; thence N 41 degrees 16' W 600 feet and to the east edge of the Illinois Central Railroad; thence N 48 degrees 44' E with the east edge of said right of way 1071.80 feet and to the point of beginning, being and lying in Grenada County, Mississippi, Section 28, Township 23 North, Range 5 East of the Choctaw Meridian, containing 17.600 acres, more or less, SUBJECT TO a right of way of the Mississippi Power and Light Company for an existing power line; SUBJECT ALSO TO a right of way of the American Telephone and Telegraph Company for an existing power line; AND SUBJECT TO a right of way of the Tennesse Valley Authority for an existing power line; AND ALSO SUBJECT to a right of way of the Mississippi State Forestry Commission for an existing telephone line, as shown on Schedule B attached to the said Declaration of Taking and by reference made a part hereof.

You and each of you are hereby cited to be and appear before the United States District Court for the Western Division of the Northern District of Mississippi, on the 6th day of July, 1943, at the United States Court House at the City of Oxford, Mississippi, then and there to answer and defend the Petition of Declaration of Taking of the United States of America heretofore filed and now pending in said Court in the above entitled cause, for the condemnation of above described lands for public use of the United States, and then and there interpose your claim, if any you have, to said lands or the proceeds arising therefrom, in which said cause you are defendants.

WITNESS the Honorable Allen Cox, Judge of the Court aforesaid, and the seal thereof this the 5th day of June, 1943.

HUBERT D. STEPHENS, JR. Clerk

By /s/ C. W. Smallwood, D. C.

(SEAL)

6-10, 17, 24.

Sentinels of Health

Don't Neglect Them!

Nature designed the kidneys to do a marvelous job. Their task is to keep the flowing blood stream free of an excess of toxic impurities. The act of living—life itself—is constantly producing waste matter the kidneys must remove from the blood if good health is to endure.

When the kidneys fail to function as Nature intended, there is retention of waste that may cause body-wide distress. One may suffer sagging backache, persistent headache, attacks of dizziness, getting up nights, swelling, puffiness under the eyes—feel tired, nervous, all worn out.

Frequent, scanty or burning passages are sometimes further evidence of kidney or bladder disturbance.

The recognized and proper treatment is a diuretic medicine to help the kidneys get rid of excess poisonous body waste. Use *Doan's Pills*. They have had more than forty years of public approval. Are endorsed the country over. Insist on *Doan's*. Sold at all drug stores.

DOAN'S PILLS

TO WHOM IT MAY CONCERN

Our land in Grenada county have been posted against hunting, fishing and other trespassing for forty years.

If you do not want to get in trouble stay off.

W. F. MARTIN
J. W. MARTIN

5-27, 6-3, 10c

THE STATE OF MISSISSIPPI.

To: Mabel Porter Johnson, Vero Beach, Florida:

You are summoned to appear before the Chancery Court of the County of Grenada in said State, on the second Monday of July, A. D. 1942, to defend suit No. 5686, in said court of J. R. Johnson, wherein you are a defendant.

This the 21st, day of May, A. D. 1943.

J. P. Pressgrove, Clerk.

5-27, 6-3, 10-6tw.

For The JACKSON DAILY NEWS See WALTER B. MOORE 177 Poplar Street

W. K. HUFFINGTON Notary Public At Grenada Trust & Banking Co.

AT FIRST SIGN OF A COLD USE 666 666 TABLETS

? ? ?

WHY THE 2D CLASS DRUG STORE?

Over fifty years ago, the late Dr. David Oliver Semmes, a native of Sardis, moved here from Friars Point and established a dinky little drug store near where the fire station now is.

The old established druggists contemptuously referred to him as the "second class druggist", a name which he adopted for his small, but prospering firm.

He lived to see the day when all those who spoke of his firm with contempt, dead, or out of business, and to see his business grow and prosper.

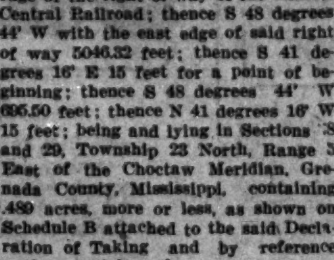
The founder of the firm is now dead, but the business carries on under the management of Mrs. Margarete Semmes, the wife of one of his sons.

See 2d Class Drug Store for First Class Merchandise

(We wrap, insure and mail all packages where these services are requested)

? ? ?

The Coke's in



DRINK Coca-Cola 5¢

Grenada Coca-Cola Bottling Company

HIS ADDRESS?

Your nearest electric outlet — any electric outlet. Ready to work at your flip of the switch. You control him!

HIS JOB?

In your Home!
On your farm!
In your Town!
In your Factory!

HIS HOURS?

24 hours a day — 365 days a year — Sundays, holidays, nights, rain or shine. No vacations. No sick leave.

HIS WAGES?

A coolie's wage — by the penny! Still at pre-war levels!

★

There Still is No Shortage of Electricity In Your Community.

MISSISSIPPI POWER & LIGHT COMPANY

A BUSINESS MANAGED MISSISSIPPI INDUSTRY

★

Keep your present appliances and equipment repaired. Let your REPAIR DEALER KEEP 'EM WORKING FOR YOU.

20th ANNIVERSARY 1923-1943

IF YOU WANT TO BUY, SELL or TRADE a used appliance or used equipment—use our free Wartime Placement Service.

★

BUY MORE WAR BONDS — YOU'VE DONE YOUR BIT — NOW DO YOUR BEST

Local and Social

BIRTHDAY DINNER

The home of Dr. and Mrs. F. S. Hill was the scene of a very happy occasion on June 4, when their son, Francis, celebrated his 20th birthday by having a [illegible] friends as dinner guests.

The home was charmingly decorated with roses and other Summer flowers from the garden of the home, and places were laid for eight.

Place cards were infant pictures of the guests and the hosts' father's place was marked by a picture made of him in his uniform during World War No. 1. The favors of this occasion were pictures made of the party, and presented each one as a momento of this reunion of friends who, with the exception of Rogers Pleasants were members of the same class in GHS.

A three-course dinner was served at 8 o'clock to the following guests:

Messrs. Roland Jones, of Memphis, William Winter, Bryan Baker, Dick Rule, and Rogers Pleasants, and to the honoree and his parents.

A chain letter was written to both John Keeton and Billy Semmes, who are now in the service, and who are close friends of this group.

Mrs. Roland Jones, of Lula, Miss., is in Visilia visiting her son, Lewis, who is taking primary flight training at the Air Base there.

Mrs. Dawson Winter, of Jackson, the former Miss Anna Elise Roane, of Grenada, was here the first of the week attending to business affairs.

Mr. and Mrs. Edd McMahon were proud to have their son, Cpl. James McMahon, home last week on a ten days furlough from Ohio, where he is stationed in the Army.

Mr. and Mrs. T. A. Horton enjoyed their baby boy, Staff Sgt. Edd L. Horton's visit home two weeks ago from Miami Beach, Fla., where he has been stationed a year in the Army Air Corps. He has been transferred out from Miami Beach now to Salt Lake City, Utah, where he spent a few days there and now transferred on to Bruntag, Nebraska.

Misses Gene Marders, Helen Horton, Marjory Chapman and Dorothy Talbert, students at Belhaven College, Jackson, arrived home on Monday of this week. Misses Marders and Horton are 1943 graduates.

Mr. C. B. "Boots" Jones, of Cleveland, spent Tuesday of this week with his mother on South Street.

"Chuck" Trotter, of Ole Miss, spent Wednesday here visiting his many friends and relatives.

Mrs. H. H. Cullen and daughters took Miss Dorothy McCracken to Memphis for a medical examination Wednesday.

Miss Helen Horton will honor Miss Gene Marders with a crystal shower Friday night between 8 and 9 o'clock.

Judson Jackson, son of Mr. and Mrs. Tom Jackson, is at home on a furlough from the U. S. N.

MILMAN-SWAIEWITZ

Miss Betty Swaiewitz, of Philadelphia, Pennsylvania, became the bride of Pvt. Martin Milman of the 30th Signal Operations Battalion on Thursday evening, June 3rd at Camp McCain. Rabbi Jacob Kaplan, of Greenwood, Miss., officiated.

The bride was attired in cloud blue with a corsage of gardenias. The mothers of both the bride and groom were present at the ceremony. The best man and matron of honor were Pvt. and Mrs. Marvin Newman.

After a short wedding trip to Jackson, Miss., Pvt. and Mrs. Milman will make their home in Grenada.

Wedding details were arranged by Mr. John J. Karpeles, Field director for the USO-JWB.

Mrs. Parish Taylor, of Memphis, is the guest of her mother, Mrs. Gertrude Marders.

Mrs. Marders and Mrs. Taylor went to Jackson to attend the graduation of their daughter and sister, Miss, Gene Marders at Belhaven College. They returned home Monday afternoon.

Mrs. Bryan Baker accompanied Miss Estell Rollins and Miss Hazel Inman to Florida, where they attended Lt. Dick Rule's graduation at Army Air Base recently.

Mrs. R. C. Christopher and little son, Tommie, left Monday for Tucson, Ariz., to visit their husband and father, Cpt. R. C. Christopher, who is with the 60th Bomb Sq. at Davis Montham Field.

Cpl. Gant of the 331 T D Bn at Camp Shelby, recently visited home folks.

"Rube" Mann, of Fort Benning, Ga., is visiting home folks on a furlough from the army.

Mrs. Harry W. Long, of Montgomery, Alabama, is visiting in the home of Mr. John Long and Mrs. Beulah Jackson.

Miss Ann Odom, Millsaps student is at home for the holidays.

Mr. and Mrs. Buster Clanton, students at Ole Miss, are at home for vacation.

Friends of Mr. and Mrs. F. C. Bailey will be interested to learn that they are now grandparents to a fine little girl, born in Baltimore last week and is the daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Bernard. Mrs. Bernard is the former Jean Bailey. Mrs. Bailey left for Baltimore on Friday last for a nice visit with her children.

Sgt. Rayburn, of Fort Benning, Ga., was here for a short visit with his sister, Mrs. Sax Weir on Monday last.

Mr. and Mrs. W. O. Geeslin left Sunday morning for Hot Springs, Ark. to be away for three weeks. Their daughter, Jean, will accompany Mrs. John Keeton to San Marcas, Texas, where they will visit Cadet Benton Keeton for a week.

Misses Georgia and Lucille Cook left Sunday for Chicago to purchase stock for the Novelty Shop.

ATTEND CAMP BRATTON-GREEN

The following children of the Episcopal Church will attend the Summer Camp, held this year at All Saints College, Vicksburg, beginning on June 9 and lasting for ten days. Included are Misses Jean Weir, Patsy Roberts, Margurete Ann and Dorothy Jean McCorkle, and Bobby Burkley and Norfleet Craig, Jr.

PARTY line

telephone courtesy certainly pays extra dividends these days when so many families are sharing lines with their neighbors.

When party line neighbors are considerate of each other, the telephone service of all is improved. And when neighbors avoid tying up their line with lengthy conversations, they help relieve busy central office equipment so that vital war calls can be handled faster. Here are some other friendly suggestions that will mean better service for you, your telephone neighbor and Uncle Sam:

1—Answer calls promptly—and before you call, make sure the line is not in use.

2—Make fewer calls and when you do call, be as brief as possible.

3—Avoid tieing up the line by making a series of calls at one time.

4—And please be careful to hang up your receiver when you finish talking. When a party line telephone receiver is left off the hook, no one on the line can make or receive calls until the receiver is put back on the hook.

At the front, teamwork wins battles. At home, the same spirit of personal cooperation results in better telephone service—for you, your party line neighbor and your entire community.

SOUTHERN BELL TELEPHONE AND TELEGRAPH COMPANY
INCORPORATED

USED CARS

FROM EASTERN MARKETS

Low Mileage

You do not need a New Car when you can buy a Used Car with so much Unused Transportation. Our buyers have searched and bought cars in the eastern markets--where gas has been rationed so long and so low--that the mileage is so low and the condition of these cars so perfect, that it will really surprise you. We have never seen such PERFECT USED CARS.

1941 Ford Coupes, Tudors and Fordors
1941 Chevrolet Coaches, Sedans, Club and Regular Coupes
1940 Chevrolet Coaches and Trucks
1940 Ford Tudors, Coupes and Trucks
1939 Chevrolet Coach
1939 Ford Truck
1942 Plymouth Six Passenger Coupe
1940 Plymouth Sedan
1937 Studebaker Coupe
1935 Chevrolet Tudor

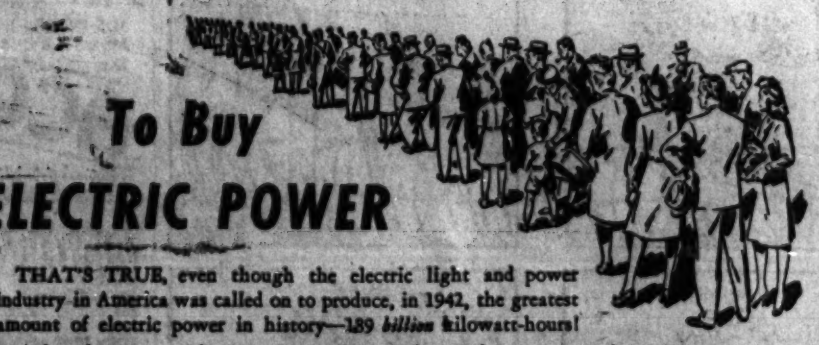
Many of these cars are right from the eastern markets
All of them have thousands of miles of unused transportation

You Will Have To See Them To Really Appreciate Them

The Oliver-Lilly Motor Company

Highway 51 Grenada, Miss.

You Don't Have to Stand in Line . . .



To Buy ELECTRIC POWER

THAT'S TRUE, even though the electric light and power industry in America was called on to produce, in 1942, the greatest amount of electric power in history—189 *billion* kilowatt-hours!

And at the same time the average cost per kilowatt-hour to the consumer was lower than ever before!

Not only were all the demands of war plants, military camps, naval stations, and arsenals met—but there remained 27 billion kilowatt-hours of electrical energy to take care of the needs of shops and stores, 30 billion for homes, 13 billion for public transportation, street lighting, and other uses.

These are *some* of the accomplishments of the electric light and power industry and of the electrical manufacturers who build the equipment used to generate, distribute, and utilize electricity—working together with the teamwork so typically American.

How We Helped

POWER GENERATION. More than one half of all the electric power generated by electric light and power companies in the U. S. is produced by generators manufactured by General Electric.

And such has been the improvement in the efficiencies of turbine-driven generators that if the electric power used in 1942 had been produced with the machines of 1924, it would have required more than a million extra cars of coal and one hundred and forty thousand men just to mine and haul this extra coal.

POWER DISTRIBUTION. To have ample power available wherever new war plants have sprung up requires large and highly efficient transforming and switching equipment and the solution of highly intricate engineering problems. General Electric has had a hand, and a head, in the development and manufacture of much of this equipment.

POWER UTILIZATION. Building machines, lamps, and appliances that put electricity to work more efficiently in factories and homes is one of our most important jobs. The United States has more of these electrical helpers than any other nation. In 1942, the average home used twice as much electricity as in 1930, and in those 12 years the average price per kilowatt-hour decreased 40%.

★ ★ ★

This is only a small part of the story of America's electrical industry. When the full story becomes history with the passing of the years, it will reveal a group of men who, with a determination which now seems providential, kept on—co-operatively developing new and better equipment, increasing generating capacity, lowering costs, expanding service, planning always to be ready for the demands of the future. It will be a story of remarkable vision and courage—for it all had to be planned, and the work started, years ahead of the need.

The next time you meet a man from your electric service company, be he the local manager, or meter reader, or spurred lineman carrying out his assignment in rain, sleet, or heavy winds, give him a word of encouragement—for he is the man who is making it unnecessary for you to stand in line for electric power. *General Electric Co., Schenectady, N. Y.*

GENERAL ELECTRIC

CLASSIFIED DEPARTMENT

AGENTS WANTED

BOOK, BIBLE AGENTS. Men, women attention. Good sideline. Fast seller. Big commission. Write VICTOR PRESS, 718 Roy St., Camden, New Jersey.

LUMBER WANTED

WANTED—Hickory and oak lumber. Also oak tapered wagon poles. For specifications and prices, address J. W. REYMAN - Mt. Carmel, Ill.

REMEDY

WOULD YOU PAY 8¢ TO KNOW? Are these Troubles yours? Poison Oak or Ivy, Itch, Eczema, Athlete's Itch or Sore Feet. Some say it's wonderful; others were not benefited. Send 8c in postage for 25c size SOLOMON'S LOTION. Use it and if satisfied send us 25c. If not satisfied you do not owe us 1c more than the 8c sent. DE SOTO LABORATORIES, MEMPHIS, TENN. Sold at most Drug Stores

PERFECT GROOMING MOROLINE HAIR TONIC 25¢

FOR QUICK RELIEF CARBOIL A Soothing ANTISEPTIC SALVE Used by thousands with satisfactory results for 40 years—six valuable ingredients. Get Carboil at drug stores or write Spurlock-Neal Co., Nashville, Tenn.

Gas on Stomach Relieved in 5 minutes or double money back. When excess stomach acid causes painful, suffocating gas, sour stomach and heartburn, doctors usually prescribe the fastest-acting medicine known for these symptoms—medicines like those in Bell-ans Tablets. No laxative. Bell-ans brings comfort in a jiffy or double your money back on return of bottle to us. 10c at all druggists.

10¢ Buys you the 10 MILLION DOLLAR SHAVE SHELBY BLADES every bonus user's razor edge is extra-thin chisel. DOUBLE OR SINGLE EDGE 4 for 10c Manufactured and guaranteed by FEDERAL RAZOR BLADE CO., NEW YORK

GET AFTER RHEUMATIC PAIN With a Medicine that will Prove Itself If you suffer from rheumatic pain or muscular aches, buy C-2222 today for real pain-relieving help. 60c, $1. Caution: Use only as directed. First bottle purchase price refunded by druggist if not satisfied. Get C-2222.

A VEGETABLE Laxative For Headache, Sour Stomach and Dizzy Spells when caused by Constipation. Use only as directed. 15 doses for only 10 cents. Dr. HITCHCOCK'S LAXATIVE POWDER

To relieve distress of MONTHLY Female Weakness WHICH MAKES YOU CRANKY, NERVOUS! Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound has helped thousands to relieve periodic pain, backache, headache with weak, nervous, cranky, blue feelings — due to functional monthly disturbances. This is due to its soothing effect on one of WOMAN'S MOST IMPORTANT ORGANS. Taken regularly—Pinkham's Compound helps build up resistance against such annoying symptoms. Follow label directions. Worth trying!

WNU—F 23—43

That Nagging Backache May Warn of Disordered Kidney Action. Modern life with its hurry and worry, irregular habits, improper eating and drinking—its risk of exposure and infection—throws heavy strain on the work of the kidneys. They are apt to become over-taxed and fail to filter excess acid and other impurities from the life-giving blood. You may suffer nagging backache, backache, dizziness, getting up nights, leg pains, rheumatic—feel constantly tired, nervous, all worn out. Other signs of kidney or bladder disorder are sometimes burning, scanty or too frequent urination. Try Doan's Pills. Doan's help the kidneys to pass off harmful excess body waste. They have had more than half a century of public approval. Are recommended by grateful users everywhere. Ask your neighbor! DOAN'S PILLS

Training War Dogs

This is the first war in which our army has trained dogs for war work. During World War I the army borrowed war-trained dogs from the Allies, but did not train any of its own dogs.

Tennyson—1943

Washington's latest name for Mr. Henry Kaiser, the American shipbuilder, is "Sir Launchalot."

Washington Digest

Army's Greatest Hazard? It's Question of Morale

Armed Services Do Everything Possible to Protect Mental Health of Servicemen; Parents Advised to Cooperate.

By BAUKHAGE
News Analyst and Commentator.

WNU Service, Union Trust Building, Washington, D. C.

What's the greatest hazard your boy must meet when he joins the army? Not the weapon of the enemy. We know only a very tiny percentage of those who don the uniform succumb to that.

It's the mental hazard.

Take it from a man who met it and who, since, has read the alarming figures which show the war's (any war's) mental casualties.

And to meet that mental hazard you need just one thing—mental health.

Let me quote a few words on the subject of morale from one of the books which the army and the navy and the wise ones in other professions say is a wonderful protection for the mental health of the boy who joins the army.

That book is paper bound. It costs 35 cents. It is called "Our Armed Forces." It has a lot of pictures in it and a lot of sound sense. It is printed by the presses of the Infantry Journal, 1115 17th street, Washington, D. C. It is not sold for profit.

And here is what it says on the subject of morale. (As I say on the air, "I'm quoting"):

"Morale is an important quality of citizenship in the crises of peace, when the internal security of the nation is threatened. It is even more important in war, when the very existence of the nation hangs in the balance. It is, therefore, an objective of army and navy leadership to build a high degree of morale in the soldier and sailor.

About Habits

"The state of mind we call morale has its roots in long-established habits of thinking and acting. A student seated alone in his room, bent seriously over his books, may be tackling his studies with a high degree of morale. He believes what he is doing is worth while. He is determined to overcome whatever difficulties the subject matter offers. He works with a self urge. He gives up the picture show and the ball game if doing so is necessary for success. He has confidence in his ability to acquire the knowledge and skill he is seeking. In the undertaking of hundreds of similar duties in the ordinary routine of living is created the intangible virtue called morale. The young man who enters the armed services may therefore bring with him the basis for the morale upon which his success as a soldier and the ultimate victory of our nation so greatly depend.

"While morale has its roots in the character of the individual and his past experience, it may be greatly strengthened by association and close co-operation with others who are engaged in the same enterprise. Morale is contagious. It is a quality easily transmitted from one person to another. The serviceman receives his uniform. It is the symbol of his dedication. With it he becomes part of the great tradition. Behind him into history is a long line of those who have been so dedicated. The men who walked barefoot in the snow at Valley Forge. The Green Mountain boys with Ethan Allen, thundering at the gates of Ticonderoga. Calm men in the gun turrets at Manila Bay. Marines at Guadalcanal . . . Chateau Thierry . . . Tripoli. Helmeted fliers of a torpedo squadron at Midway. Through the procession of heroes, still bright as it recedes into distant time, has been handed down the great tradition."

Environment

Now when Johnny Doughboy joins up, he changes his habits of life as much as Christopher Columbus would have to change his if he came back and took a job managing a big, modern corporation, or riding herd on a bunch of long-horns or bossing a section gang. It would be tough for Chris to adapt himself to his environment. If he couldn't manage it, he would probably go haywire and blow his top. The dinosaur and some of his fellow prehistorics who couldn't adjust themselves to their environment retired permanently to positions in museums. Man, some men that is, adjusted. They took the ice age, the floods and the famine in their stride and here they are oh-ing and ah-ing at the dead mastodons who weren't as smart at "fitting in"—that's all morale is, "fitting in," getting on when you, who have sat down to your meals three times a day as regularly as the clock, miss the chow wagon; you who have had a kind and solicitous mother or teacher looking after your private troubles are suddenly faced with sharing the troubles of your squad or company or squadron.

Now, how are you going to adjust yourself to this sudden change?

In the first place, you have to understand why everything seems topsy-turvy. Why you, a free-born American citizen, who did as he pleased when and how it pleased him, suddenly have to get up by a bugle, keep step, salute, eat, sleep, drink, walk, run, crawl when somebody else says so.

The first thing you have to realize is the purpose ahead. The next thing is why other people whom you never see insist on achieving that purpose the way they do, regardless of your convenience or your date at the post office.

Your Own Orders

"Your government controls the armed forces." That means that the men your folks elected, just the way it was planned by the makers of America, are really the ones who are telling you what to do. Which means, if you follow through, that you yourself and your folks are telling you.

I chose that phrase because it heads chapter two in this book "Our Armed Forces" I'm talking about. You had better read it.

The next chapter is called "Your Army." And you had better read that too because it tells you something of what to expect. I won't go any further and really I ought to have been talking all this time to parents, too, for they, of all people, ought to know what the boy is up against. What it is all about. One of the great tragedies of being a soldier is the way the folks back home don't understand it at all. They think their job is to feel sorry for you; they don't understand what an extra stripe really means, they can't get you when you talk about home and the things you want to hear about and they write and tell you how noble you are. You don't feel noble. You want to know if the barn has been painted or if your girl has been around lately. You would, though, like them to have some faint idea about this not-altogether unpleasant job of being a soldier. That's why it would be a good thing if your folks would read this book.

• • •

Broadcaster's Diary

As I came to work this morning—a little late and right in the midst of the crowds of war workers surging down to their offices, I was suddenly struck with the fact that this change in Washington which I have become used to is typical of other changes that are going to take place all over America.

I was walking down 16th street. That sounds prosaic but it used to be a street of beautiful mansions, many of them historic. It sweeps out of the Maryland countryside, down a hill and up another crest from which you can look down, through a vista of ancient trees to the blur at the end which is the White House with the statue of General Jackson on his rearing horse silhouetted against it.

This morning, as I say, the workers were swarming out of the houses—they are boarding houses now—to work. I glanced up as I passed one sedate old home, the wistaria still decorously draped over the doorway up whose curving drive once the carriage and later the limousine swept to meet milady descending.

I peeped, indecorously, through the beautiful leaded windows of the dining room. It was filled with little tables, the cloths stained with precious but too hurriedly imbibed morning coffee.

I thought a moment. How will Delaware avenue and Locust street and High street look after the war? Those neatly cropped lawns, even an iron deer or two if they haven't gone into the scrap collection campaign?

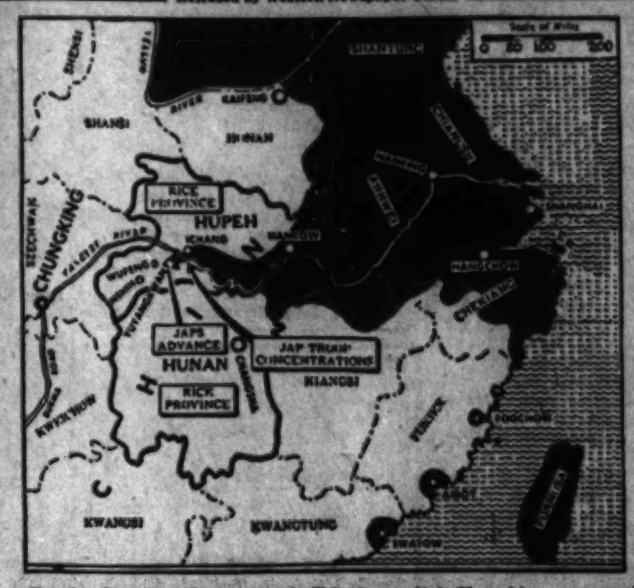
Sic transit gloria—but perhaps the past glory will be replaced by something more glorious. We can hope.

WEEKLY NEWS ANALYSIS

Super War Board Spurs National Effort; Russians Press New Caucasus Drive; Dual-Threat Allied Bomb War Blasts Nazi War Plants and Italian Ports

(EDITOR'S NOTE: When opinions are expressed in these columns, they are those of Western Newspaper Union's news analysis and not necessarily of this newspaper.)

Released by Western Newspaper Union.



Up the Yangtze river toward China's capital Chungking a powerful Jap offensive had moved. The area in black on the map above indicates the forward extent of the Jap movement. Although Chinese troops succeeded in blunting the drive at various points, the menace to China's future participation in the war still remained.

EUROPE:
Bombs Move Factories

As Allied bombers continued to plummet destruction on Axis European industrial and transportation centers, evidence mounted that the Nazis were seeking to cushion the impact of these raids by moving their war industries to less vulnerable spots in Hungary, Czechoslovakia and Austria.

The dispersal of German industry eastward was further indicated by the fact that Allied reconnaissance had disclosed no effort to repair or clear such key installations as the Focke-Wulf aircraft works in Bremen or the Renault plant near Paris wrecked by Allied bombs weeks ago.

Grimly and steadily, however, the Allied airmen continued their mission of disaster as Axis city after city was checked off the schedule. Examples of this thorough job were Dusseldorf and Dortmund, coal and transportation centers of northwestern Germany, where 4,000 tons of bombs were dropped on successive nights by the RAF. The munitions-making city of Essen was likewise blasted again, while daring RAF Mosquito bomber pilots penetrated to the central German city of Jena, home of the Zeiss factories making optical instruments for the Nazis.

Meanwhile, invasion's prelude was paced by a series of port-wrecking raids by U. S. and British planes from French Africa on Italian shipping cities.

CHINA:
Jap Drives Menace

Chinese official observers had frequently warned United Nations headquarters that a collapse of their resistance against Japan was possible unless Allied air and military aid was speeded up.

The stark truth of these warnings became evident as a four-pronged Japanese drive along the Yangtze river had reached within only 275 miles of Generalissimo Chiang Kai-shek's capital of Chungking.

Doggedly the Chinese defenders had contested every mile of territory with the invaders, even winning local successes in some areas, notably Ichang where Chiang's soldiers had blunted the enemy drive.

But the threat of Nippon's might was still poised within striking distance of Chungking and the Allied high command still faced the problem of abating that threat.

RUBBER:
Strikers Go Back

Back to their jobs in Akron, Ohio, streamed 51,500 rubber workers following a curt ultimatum from President Roosevelt that ended a five-day strike stopping essential wartime rubber production.

Terming the walkouts "inexcusable" and a "flagrant violation of the no-strike pledge," the President had warned that "necessary steps would be taken to protect the nation's interests" unless the strikes were terminated. The President acted after the dispute was certified to him by the War Labor board.

Earlier, national CIO officials had urged the strikers to return to their jobs.

MOBILIZATION:
Super Board Formed

President Roosevelt's appointment of James F. Byrnes as director of the newly formed Office of War Mobilization meant that now the home front would be marshalled behind the war program on a scale hitherto undreamed of.

Coming after the historic series of conferences between the President and Prime Minister Churchill of Britain the establishment of the Office of War Mobilization marked a significant milestone. For now the responsibility for production, procurement, transportation and distribution of military as well as civilian supplies, materials and products was vested in one man—James F. Byrnes and the committee working with him. That committee included Secretary of War Stimson, Secretary of Navy Knox, Harry Hopkins and WPB Director Donald M. Nelson and Judge Fred M. Vinson who succeeded Byrnes as economic stabilization director.

RUSSIA:
Red Power Rises

After the Nazis had tested the Reds' mettle on four separate sectors from Velliki Luki on the north to the Caucasus on the south, the Russians themselves provided the fireworks by hurling 150,000 infantry and tank men in a vast assault against the Axis Kuban lines in the Caucasus.

While early Russian accounts of this movement were characteristically laconic, a Berlin radio dispatch conceded that the first Russian waves had thrust the German lines back more than a mile on the Kuban front protecting Novorossisk and added that Nazi defenses were taking a terrific battering everywhere along their last remaining Caucasus foothold. Berlin said the Reds employed 10 divisions, at least 170 tanks, 300 planes and strong artillery forces.

Whether this Russian move heralded the long-awaited summer battle was still a matter of conjecture among observers.

UNITY:
French Leaders Agree

Unification of French leadership with all conflicting forces submerged in the grand task of liberating the empire was a dream that had had many nightmare interruptions. But with a spirit of give and take evident among the Giraud and De-Gaulle forces themselves and with persistent urging from the United States and Britain, the dream had become a reality.

Gen. Charles DeGaulle, Fighting French leader, hailed the new era in a radio broadcast on the eve of his historic trip from London to Algiers to meet General Giraud.

"Union of the empire will be accomplished," he said. "When it is realized how this is done in the face of difficulties . . . then one's respect for France and one's faith in her destiny will become even greater . . . We have paid heavily enough for our absurd division to be convinced we shall emerge from the abyss only by uniting."

BRIEFS . . . *by Baukhage*

In Washington there is a share-the-taxicab system. The driver takes as many people as he can going in the same direction. It used to be called the "pick-up" system. The name changed but not the practice. It's still a great date-maker.

• • •

The Victory gardeners who have suffered from "infiltration" call the jack rabbits "jap rabbits."

A black market potato truck was photographed by a news photographer in front of a fire house in Washington. Spud-leggers fear nothing.

• • •

In the District of Columbia, it's illegal to take a drink of liquor standing up. Some people who take it sitting down can't stand up afterward anyhow.

HIGHLIGHTS . . . *in the week's news*

BATH KNIGHTS: Gen. Dwight D. Eisenhower and Gen. Douglas MacArthur were appointed honorary knights of the Grand Cross Order of the Bath by King George of England.

• • •

FLOOD AID: Expenditure of $55,000,000 for rehabilitation work in the flood-stricken areas of the Middle West was proposed by Senator Scott Lucas of Illinois.

LANDING CRAFT: President Roosevelt signed legislation authorizing the construction of one million tons of landing craft and special boats at a cost of $1,700,000.

• • •

TOLERANCE: The Junior Chamber of Commerce of Odessa, Texas, asked the city council to adopt a resolution eliminating the first syllable from the word "damyankee."

Who's News This Week

By Delos Wheeler Lovelace

Consolidated Features.—WNU Release.

NEW YORK—Some day a hard-pressed U-boat commander may surface to find a dozen airplanes riding herd on his craft in mid-ocean. If he finds, in addition, a mother blimp drifting aloft until her birds do their job and come back to roost, all the blame will be Rear Admiral Charles E. Rosendahl's.

Looks as If This Backer of Blimps' Moment Is Nigh

Rosendahl, a captain but up for promotion, has been ordered back to his favorite post, the Naval Air Station at Lakehurst, N. J., after a tour of sea duty. All through this war he has been asking for blimp plane-carriers.

Since the wreck of the Shenandoah Rosendahl has been accepted as one of the best informed men on lighter-than-air craft. When that big dirigible broke in two he drifted away in the bow section, no motors, no rudder, no anything. He and a few helpers free-ballooned the fragment until he could land her.

Rosendahl is a Chicago-born citizen of Texas who finished Annapolis in '14, served eight years on surface craft and then volunteered for a tour at Lakehurst, then as now the navy's chief station for experiments with dirigibles.

He helped develop the stationary and mobile stub masts, he worked out mooring problems and ground-handling and he never stopped preaching the virtue of the big gas bags.

For a long time, catastrophes, such as the loss of the Los Angeles, the burning of the Hindenburg and the Shenandoah accident kept him from getting far. But now congress has ordered 200 blimps for anti-U-boat work.

YEARS ago the Kansas City baseball team was in a slump and had no bat boy to boot. Somebody remembered a smart kid making sandwiches in the refreshment stand. That afternoon the team sprayed hits all over, won hands down and the kid got a steady job, though he had to quit finally because he needed more money.

Bat Boy to Baker In 13 Steps; Now Deputy Food Chief

Now the War Food administration, judged by some to be slumping and certainly lacking a deputy administrator, remembers the same kid, a solid citizen these days, and R. Lee Marshall is drafted again. Since the old Kansas City days, Marshall has held a baker's dozen of jobs and in his last was, actually a baker. He quit the chairmanship of the Continental Baking company to go with the food administration.

He was born on a Missouri farm 58 years ago. When he was only 20 years old he owned his own food brokerage company. Later he managed a bakery, and after a merger was called east to become, eventually, head of Continental.

He is a big man, and a nose flattened at the tip lends an accent of good nature to his round aggressive face. On his family tree is a notable ancestor, John Marshall, first chief justice of the Supreme court.

IN THIS year of grace the Bellamy blueprint for Utopia is like Hitler's uglier new world, behind schedule. After "Looking Backward" reached its first wide-eyed readers Bellamy, in 1888, figured that 50 years would be plenty for his happy revolution. Fifty-five have rolled along and we haven't even those superheterodyne houses, state-owned and suited to the tenant's "taste and convenience wholly."

75, He Heads Big Project for Less Than $1 Per Year

Closest to them, maybe, are the different but promising projects of the private enterprise Bellamy snubbed. Consider the huge new construction with which the Metropolitan Life Insurance company and Chairman Frederick H. Ecker, mean to revive a blighted East side area on the still far from Utopian island of Manhattan.

This will be a major unit in a nation-wide apartment community program that Chairman Ecker is directing at the age of 75. And he is working for nothing.

He is working for only a little less than he got when he joined Metropolitan 60 years ago. He was a $4 a week office boy then. At 20 he had charge of all the company's real estate transactions and later was the treasurer and finally, president.

Two generations back, the Ecker family made their home in Alsace. That was the Jacob P. Ecker branch. Jacob served with one of Napoleon Bonaparte's generals. He came to this country when his son John was but seven years old. When the Civil war broke out, John fought in 32 engagements, on the Union side. He was left for dead once, but lived to become a major. When peace came, he moved from Phoenicia, in upstate New York, to Brooklyn. Here young Frederick went to school until he was 15 years old, then took a job as office boy with the Metropolitan

FIRST-AID to the AILING HOUSE

By ROGER B. WHITMAN

Roger B. Whitman—WNU Features.

You may not be able to replace worn or broken household equipment. This is war. Government priorities come first. So take care of what you have . . as well as you possibly can. This column by the homeowner's friend tells you how.

Applying Varnish

Question: In spite of all the diligent trials, it has been impossible for me to master how to apply varnish over stained wood without showing infinite little bubbles as big as pin heads. The surface was cleaned and stained properly. What kind of precipitate are these spots? I would go to any limit in order to learn how to varnish.

Answer: To get good results in varnishing, the room in which the work is done should be free of dust and the temperature not less than 70 degrees. The brush should be of a good quality and a kind intended for varnish. Do not shake the can of varnish; this is one of the causes of air bubbles in the finish. Pour enough varnish into another can to last a half hour or so. The brush should not be dipped into the varnish more than one-half the length of the bristles. Do not wipe off surplus on the edge of the can, but throw it off. Varnish should be applied in straight strokes in one direction and with the grain. After applying the brush full of varnish, go over the same area with the empty brush to carry the varnish forward and to spread it into a thin coat. "Slapping" the brush against the surface may also cause air bubbles to form on the surface.

Fixing a leaky faucet by the simple process of putting a new washer in the offending tap. This phase of the art of plumbing can be performed very handily by any woman who sets her mind to it.

Metal Window Sill

Question: What should be done to the paint on a metal window sill that peels every year?

Answer: Remove the paint down to the bare metal. Rub down well with sandpaper, then wipe with turpentine. Apply a prime coat of good quality red lead paint and allow it to dry for at least a week. Finish with a coat of enamel undercoater, then with a coat of top quality quick-drying enamel. These paints should come from the same manufacturer.

Leak in a Boiler

Question: I have a hot water heating plant about seven years old. Last year I had an oil burner installed and it operated satisfactorily all winter until recently. A small leak has now developed on the side of the boiler near the bottom. Can this be welded or braized?

Answer: Yes, it can be welded. Or you may be able to repair the leak with iron cement. Your local hardware dealer should be able to supply you with the proper grade.

Moth Killing

Question: I have a fur coat, so badly damaged by moths that it is not worth repairing. I should like to use it as a laprobe in my car, but am afraid the moths will get into the upholstery. What could I do to the coat to make this impossible?

Answer: Having it dry cleaned will kill all life in the coat. The treatment should be repeated later in the spring before putting the coat away.

Scratches in Glass

Question: How can I remove slight scratches from a glass surface?

Answer: The work can only be done by dealers in plate glass and mirrors, who have the machinery for this type of work.

Shelf Hangers

Question: How can I hang shelves on concrete cellar walls?

Answer: At a hardware store you can get appliances for that purpose; plugs to drive into holes, and other devices.

PATTERNS SEWING CIRCLE

Fun Ahead

GRAND wardrobe for youngsters who get into everything. The smock for looks . . . the overall and playsuit for fun.

• • •

Barbara Bell Pattern No. 1628-B designed for sizes 1, 2, 3, 4 and 5 years. Size 2 overall requires 1½ yards 35-inch material, smock 1½ yards, playsuit ¾ yard.

Junior Two-Piece

A REALLY luscious little two-piece for the junior miss. Hug-me-tight jacket with nicely fulled skirt. Cute collar and cuffs.

• • •

Barbara Bell Pattern No. 1806-B designed for sizes 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14 and 15. Corresponding bust measurements 27, 28, 29, 30, 31, 32 and 33. Size 10 (28) requires, with short sleeves, 3 yards 39-inch material; ⅝ yard contrast.

Due to an unusually large demand and current war conditions, slightly more time is required in filling orders for a few of the most popular pattern numbers.

Send your order to:

SEWING CIRCLE PATTERN DEPT.
539 South Wells St. Chicago.
Enclose 20 cents in coins for each pattern desired.

Pattern No..... Size.....
Name .....
Address .....

JUST JESTING

Unselfish

Mrs. Tiltsnoot—Why are you leaving us like this, Nora?

Nora—Indade, an' me reasons are philanthropic, mum. Oi want to give some wan else a chancet at th' joys o' livin' wid yez!

Took It and Left

"So you didn't marry John because of your mother's advice?"

"Yes, she gave him so much of it that he stopped calling."

These days you've got to dig your garden. You can't just turn it over in your mind.

No Chance

"I saw the doctor today about my loss of memory."

"What did he do?"

"Made me pay in advance."

More Alike

Visitor (to host's chauffeur)—It certainly took you a long time to find me. Didn't your master tell you how to recognize me?

Chauffeur—Yes, sir, but there were several men with large stomachs and red noses.

New Steno (following rapid dictation): "Now, Mr. Jones, what did you say between 'Dear Sir' and 'Sincerely yours'?"

Smart Boy

Teacher—Why, Bobby, do you mean to say you wouldn't like to be President?

Bobby—Not just now. I'd rather wait until things cool down a bit.

Sorely Needed

Stubbs was feeling his way to the kitchen stove in the dark, when he fell over the coal scuttle.

"Oh, John," called Mrs. Stubbs, sweetly, "I know what you need. You should get what they have on all the battleships."

"What's that?" growled Stubbs, rubbing his shin.

"Why, a range-finder."

That's Out!

"Now we know that the earth is round," said the schoolmaster. "Tell me, Thomas, would it be possible for you to walk round the earth?"

"No, sir," replied Thomas.

"And why not?"

"'Cause," was the unexpected reply, "I twisted my ankle playing baseball."

Shipbuilding Stepped Up Some Since Early 1800s

Mr. Henry Kaiser's achievements in ship production make an interesting contrast with the building of British warships a century ago.

A 74-gun ship named Boscawen was laid down at Woolwich Dockyard in 1811 but not launched until 1844. The 50-gun Worcester was started at Deptford in 1816, reached the christening period in 1831, but remained on the ways until 1843.

Two ships named Royal Sovereign were also in the slow-motion class. The first began at Portsmouth in 1833, and had her name altered to Royal Frederick six years later. Another 20 years went by, with very little work done, before she was renamed again, this time Frederick William. Finally, as a screw ship, she took the water in 1860.

The other Royal Sovereign was started in the same dockyard in 1844. Three years later the Admiralty decided to cancel the work altogether, but they soon changed their minds, and 1857 saw the ship afloat at last.

A 20-gun ship named Valorous was in hand at Pembroke Dockyard for nearly 40 years before she was re-designed as a paddle frigate and launched in 1851.

ASK ME ANOTHER?

A quiz with answers offering information on various subjects

The Questions

1. The right of the state to take property for public use is called what?
2. What is another name for the gladiolus?
3. Whose motto was: "Better to live a day as a lion than 100 years as a sheep?
4. What was the first of President Wilson's 14 points?
5. For what country did John Paul Jones serve as a rear admiral after the Revolutionary war?
6. Where is bilge water found?
7. What name is given to a company whose main business is the owning of stocks or securities of other companies?
8. Does England receive any taxes or other kind of tribute from her dominions?

The Answers

1. Eminent domain.
2. Sword lily.
3. Mussolini.
4. Open covenants openly arrived at.
5. Russia.
6. At the bottom of boats.
7. Holding company.
8. England does not receive any taxes or any kind of tribute from the 150-odd dominions, colonies, protectorates, dependencies and mandated territories that constitute the British Commonwealth of Nations.

YOU CAN'T BUY ASPIRIN that can do more for you than St. Joseph Aspirin. Why pay more? World's largest seller at 10c. Demand St. Joseph Aspirin.

SNAPPY FACTS ABOUT RUBBER

Improper brake adjustment is a rubber-waster. Have your brakes checked regularly. If one wheel "takes hold" before the others, its rubber carries the full brunt of stopping the car, with resultant excessive rubber wear.

In their search for rubber substitutes, scientists are now probing myrcene, a turpentine derivative discovered about fifty years ago. The list of rubber "sources" is growing almost daily.

It is expected that the 1943 harvest of crude rubber in the United States will total 600 tons, all guayule. Normally this country consumed about 600,000 tons of rubber a year.

Jerry Shaw

In war or peace
B.F.Goodrich
FIRST IN RUBBER

AROUND THE HOUSE

To save time and hosiery, just rub paraffin on the inside of the toes of your stockings. You will have no darning to do for a long time and one application lasts through many launderings.

• • •

Yellowed ivory knife handles can be whitened by rubbing them with turpentine.

• • •

The space beside the freezing unit is the best spot in the refrigerator for storing milk.

• • •

Use a potato ricer to squeeze out that hot compress. With it you can use water much hotter than your bare hands can stand.

• • •

Odors on the hands resulting from peeling and slicing onions can be removed by washing the hands in vinegar.

• • •

To lengthen the service of a broom, as it wears down, cut 1 or 2 rows of the stitching.

• • •

Dirty clothespins leave their mark on otherwise clean clothes, and once in, the dirt is difficult to remove. Tub pins in warm, soapy water once a month, dry them in the sun and store them in a spotlessly clean bag from washday to washday. They deserve good care especially in wartime.

An old orange wood stick from your manicure kit will be found helpful to get at the dirt in the corners when washing windows or floors.

• • •

In grafting fruit trees in the spring, keep the grafting wax from sticking to your hands by keeping a piece of pork rind handy and rubbing your hands on it occasionally.

• • •

Strong soap suds and hot water will remove stains from pewter which has become discolored and dark.

• • •

To make sterilized bandages at home, tear a clean old sheet into strips, roll them and then place in an airtight jar. Suspend the jar in water and allow the water to become boiling hot for several minutes.

Gay Panholders From Scraps

NOW, aren't you glad you saved those tiny scraps of muslin, prints and plain colors? Just see what an exciting array of gay panholders can be fashioned from these bits of material. Whether you prefer the vegetables, fruit motifs, flower faces, sunbonnet babies or pieced designs, your scrap bag can surely supply the "makings"—and those odds and ends of floss will do the rest.

• • •

You may indulge your preference in stitch, too, for embroidery, applique and piecing are all employed here. Hot iron transfer Z9642, 15 cents, brings motifs for this entire group of panholders. Send your order to:

AUNT MARTHA
Box 166-W Kansas City, Mo.
Enclose 15 cents for each pattern desired. Pattern No.....
Name .....
Address .....

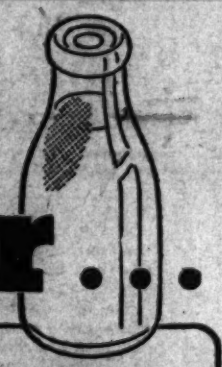
Indians 'Bargained' Out Homes; Laugh Best

The Osage Indian tribe has the last laugh on the white man. During the 19th century, the Osage were forced and "bargained" out of Arkansas, Missouri, and Kansas, retaining only the rocky hills of northern Oklahoma out of their once great domain.

Then came oil, black gold gushing from the Osage hills. Once worth 70 cents an acre, this land has since produced 273 million dollars in gas and oil—more than $120,000 in cash revenue for each Osage Indian.

If you were to say the first bugle call of the day in the Army is "Reveille"—you'd be wrong. It's "First Call." But you probably know what cigarette gets first call with Army men—it's Camel. And Camel is the favorite with men in all branches of the service—Navy, Marines, Coast Guard, too. (Based on actual sales records from service men's stores.) And though there are Post Office restrictions on packages to overseas Army men, you can still send Camels to soldiers in the U. S., and to men in the Navy, Marines, and Coast Guard wherever they are. —Adv.

Milk Saver . . .



Kellogg's Corn Flakes, alone or with fruit, supplement the nutritive elements of milk—make a natural combination that helps you stretch your precious milk supply. You need less than a glassful per serving. Vitamins, minerals, proteins, food energy—in one dish!

The SELF-STARTER Breakfast
Kellogg's
CORN FLAKES
The Original
Kellogg's Corn Flakes are restored to WHOLE GRAIN NUTRITIVE VALUES of Thiamin (Vitamin B1), Niacin and Iron.

This Paper Appreciates Your Business

INSIST ON BEMIS ASPHALT BOTTOM COTTON PICK SACKS

THE LONGEST WEARING COTTON PICK SACK ON THE MARKET. OUTLASTS TWO OR THREE DUCK BAGS – BY ACTUAL TEST. THE ASPHALT BOTTOM WEARS LIKE IRON.

PLENTY OF 9 FT. SACKS

FOR SALE BY LEADING JOBBERS

THESE HOME-MADE ROLLS ARE A TREAT, JEAN. MARY HAS ALWAYS SAID THEY'RE HARD TO MAKE
I HAVE A MARVELOUS NEW QUICK RECIPE THAT MAKES THESE ROLLS SIMPLE. BESIDES, THEY HAVE EXTRA VITAMINS
WHAT'S THE SECRET, JEAN? I'VE NEVER HEARD OF EXTRA VITAMINS IN ROLLS
JUST BAKE WITH FLEISCHMANN'S YELLOW LABEL YEAST! IT'S THE ONLY YEAST THAT HAS BOTH VITAMINS A AND D AS WELL AS THE VITAMIN B COMPLEX
AND REMEMBER, MARY... ALL THESE VITAMINS IN FLEISCHMANN'S YEAST GO RIGHT INTO WHAT-EVER YOU BAKE WITH NO GREAT LOSS IN THE OVEN!
YOU'LL WANT THE NEW, REVISED FLEISCHMANN'S RECIPE BOOK, MARY. IT'S CHOCK-FULL OF RECIPES, INCLUDING SOME NEW WARTIME SPECIALS. LET'S SEND FOR YOUR FREE COPY RIGHT AFTER SUPPER!

FREE! "The Bread Basket"—40-page, full-color book with over 60 recipes. Write Standard Brands, Inc., Grand Central Annex, Box 477, New York, N. Y.

—Advertisement

Building Materials Of All Kinds
CITY LUMBER COMPANY
PHONE 79

Up until 5:30 p. m., Monday, June 7, 1943, Grenada has not had TWO fires at the SAME time.

NOTICE
COLORED PEOPLE
WHY NOT?
Buy your lot now and build later when restrictions are removed.
W. B. HOFFA
Phone 267

Allen Anderson Now A Corporal

Allen Anderson, 20, son of Mr. and Mrs. B. J. Anderson, 3rd St., Grenada, graduated this week from a course in airplane propellers conducted by the Army Air Technical Training Command at the Curtiss-Wright Corporation, Caldwell, N. J.

Anderson, who graduated from an airplane mechanics school in the AAF Technical Training Command before taking advanced work here, was promoted to corporal in recognition of his aptitude for specialized work. Only men who receive grades well above average in general alertness and mechanical aptitude tests qualify for technical training.

If he proves physically qualified, Corporal Anderson may soon receive training as an aerial gunner. Now a killed propeler specialist, he will, after gunnery training, be doubly valuable as a member of the combat crew of an Army Air Force unit.

CARD OF THANKS

We wish to express to our many friends our appreciation for the kindnesses shown us during our recent bereavement—the loss of our husband and father. The beautiful floral offerings helped us bear our sorrow. May God bless each of you.

Mrs. John Emmons and Family.

CASH FOR YOUR
USED CAR
We need approximately 25 good Used Cars
Will buy any body type from 1935 to 1941
We prefer PLYMOUTHS, DODGES, CHEVROLETS AND FORDS
BE SURE
To See Us Before You Sell
GRENADA AUTO COMPANY
Phone 51 Grenada, Miss.

PROGRAM OF
Grenada Theatre
FRIDAY, JUNE 11th
Flight For Freedom
Rosalind Russell, Fred MacMurray
SATURDAY, JUNE 12th
Dead Man's Gluch
Don "Red" Barry, Lynn Merrick
(Cont. 2:30 to 10 p. m.)
Owl Show 10:30 P. M. and Sunday Afternoon 1:30, 3:30 and 5:30
The Moon Is Down
Based on John Steinbeck's Novel, with Sir Cedric Hardwicke, Henry Travers.
MONDAY, JUNE 14th
It Comes Up Love
Gloria Jean, Ian Hunter
TUES. - WED., JUNE 15-16th
The Desperado
Randolph Scott, Glenn Ford. (In Color)
THURS. - FRI., JUNE 17-18th
China Girl
Geore Montgomery, Gene Tierney

PROGRAM
PIX THEATRE
Faye Emerson, Julie Bishop
Dead Man's Gluch
Don "Red" Barry, Lynn Merrick
SAT. - SUN., JUNE 12-13th
Follow The Band
Leon Errol, Mary Beth Hughes, Alvino Rey and Orch. Sat. Cont. 2:30 to 12 p. m. Sun. Afternoon 1:30, 3:30, 5:30.
MON. - TUES. JUNE 14-15th
Street Of Chance
Burgess Merdith, Claire Trtvor.
WED. - THURS. JUNE 16-17th
Lady Gangster
FRIDAY, JUNE 11th

CLASSIFIED

WILL PAY CASH FOR YOUR FAMILY CAR, Ford, Chevrolet or Plymouth 1935-1938 models. See me on the square. Reece Houston 1-21 tf

WANTED TO BUY: 25 late model cars for cash. Must be clean, good tires. Grenada Auto Co. 1-28-tf.

WANTED: Want to buy Ladies' wardrobe trunk. Phone 9160. 6-10-p.

FOR SALE: One Chevrolet Coupe, black, 1939 Model, new seat covers, motor in fine shape, good tires, has 16,597 miles. Price $700.00 cash. Mrs. W. C. Harper, Duck Hill, Miss., Rt. No. 1. 6-10-p.

LOST: Pocketbook containing money and valuable papers. Please return papers if nothing else. Apply Grenada County Weekly.

You'll give more cheers for our Cleaning service, and no wonder!! Clothes do look like new when we clean them!
Spotless Dry Cleaners
Phone 142

Outdoor Furniture
3-Piece Set Settee, 2 Chairs
Unfinished
$16.95 to $19.95
REVELL FURNITURE CO.

NORTH MISSISSIPPI SALES COMPANY
Auction Sale Every Thursday Private Sale Daily
We sell all classes of livestock, especially
Cattle, Hogs, Mules, Mares and Horses
We wish to advise all of our customers that we will pay market prices for any livestock brought to our barn any day in the week. Our barn will be open for business from 7:30 A. M. until 6:30 P. M.
Due to the tire shortage we are offering this service so that you will not have to wait until Thursday to market your livestock.
Our auction sale will start promptly at 12:00 o'clock every Thursday morning. Come early so that we can serve you better.
Our Barn Is Open All Day Every Day
Day Phone 9174 Night Phone 2111 GRENADA, MISS.
L. L. Branscome, Guy Branscome, Charles Perry, Owners

GLAD YOU'RE HAPPY AGAIN

DEAR GRENNIE:

Was so happy to know your DAD came back and your family is happy again. Am glad that I was able to be of some help in getting things straightened out. I'll bet your DAD was sure sore when he brought the big boss home to dinner and found the house full of odors and smoke.

YOUR MOTHER DESERVED CREDIT

Of course it's true, that your mother did her best to have a nice dinner for your Dad and his boss, but as no one had told her about SURE MIX CRISCO she probably didn't realize that the house was full of odors and smoke. Also when the cake fell as flat as a flitter she didn't know that with SURE MIX CRISCO the cake would have probably risen 15% higher than the average and been so light and fluffy.

YOUR DAD ALSO KNOWS

Yes he's business man enough to know that to do a real job of any kind, you should have the best materials to be had. The day you brought your mother to the store and told me about your troubles I could see far enough ahead to know that your mom's baking troubles were over if she heeded any advice. You remember I told her SURE MIX CRISCO was a pure vegetable shortening, easily digested even with fried foods, also no smoke nor odors, and any one can do nice baking without a special recipe and the cakes or pastries are so much lighter and fluffy.

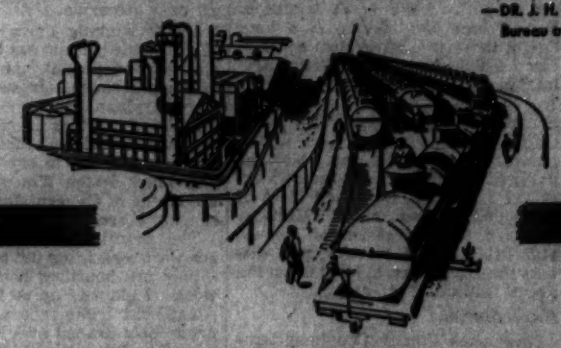
There is also a big saving on your ration points on account of the fact that SURE MIX CRISCO can be strained after each using and is perfectly safe for use again without transmitting other odors. When you need some more SURE MIX CRISCO bring your dad in to see me.—VOLLIE

Vollie's Super Market

"NORTH SIDE OF SQUARE WHERE YOU'LL NEVER RARE"
"SHOP WITH VOLLIE AND BE JOLLIE"

"WHAT THE RAILROADS HAVE DONE SINCE WAR ENGULFED THE WORLD IS ASTOUNDING"

—DR. J. H. PARMELEE, Director Bureau of Railway Economics



THAT the railroads are doing a remarkable war job is generally understood. What needs to be better known is that this enormous freight movement consists not only of an increase in tonnage that normally moves by rail, but also of tonnage that heretofore did not exist or that moved in other ways.

Handling commodities that have never before been handled complicates the job of the railroads. It demands the establishment of thousands of new freight rates. It necessitates finding ways for loading and moving materials that are new and unusual. It calls for different routings. And it means acquainting many new shippers with unfamiliar rail methods and operations.

The important thing is that the railroads are doing a magnificent job. When ocean routes were closed, for example, they assumed the enormous task of transporting oil to the Atlantic seaboard. Again, when it was necessary to speed up the movement of tonnage that normally went by barge, they took over. And the job of supplying civilian needs was cared for, too.

The words of Dr. Parmelee are much to the point: "What the railroads have done since war engulfed the world is astounding." They have come through gloriously. The Illinois Central is proud to be one of them.

J. L. BEVEN, *President*

ILLINOIS CENTRAL SYSTEM

WHEN YOU TRAVEL . . . Remember that one-half of all sleeping cars and one-third of all coaches are in war service.

★ One of America's Railroads—All United for Victory ★